

Digger-Inverters

ADI-436, 438, 440; ADI-630, 636, 638,
640; ADI-830, 836, 840; ADI-836PT,
838PT, 840PT; ADI-1236PT

MAN138

5th Edition, Beg. S/N 520000

AMADAS

**Read this manual before
using this product. Failure
to follow the instructions
and safety precautions in
this manual can result in
serious injury or death.**

July 2014

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*Digger-Inverters are manufactured
by AMADAS Industries.*

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AMADAS

Welcome To AMADAS Industries

With origins dating back to 1963, AMADAS Industries and its predecessors have a long history of providing high quality, reliable, innovative equipment for the farming industry. AMADAS equipment is currently at work throughout the United States and in many other countries. This equipment includes machinery such as the Magnum Fource Peanut Combine, Reel Rain Traveler Irrigation System, Tree Bark Processing and Packaging Machinery, and the AMADAS Digger-Inverter, available in four-, six-, eight-, and twelve-row models.

AMADAS Digger-Inverters



ADI-4 Row V-Inverter



ADI-6 Row

Congratulations on your purchase of an AMADAS Digger-Inverter! Our digger-inverters are designed to provide you with years of low maintenance service.

Photos shown in this manual are from different digger-inverter models. Your digger-inverter may or may not look exactly like the photos, due to minor design changes in later models. These changes do not affect operation, so the information in this manual applies to all digger-inverter models. Also note that if you have purchased a pull-type digger-inverter, a separate addendum has been included with this manual.

Benefits

Our series of digger-inverters is designed to significantly reduce your peanut loss by incorporating the following features:

- A long, smooth-operating conveyor with low inclination, which allows increased soil removal with less chance of vine roll back.
- Various foot options for different soil conditions.

Standard Features

Each of our digger-inverters includes the following standard features:

- 29 bars per conveyor
- Digital speed readout
- Hydraulic drive
- Heavy duty vine cutters
- Swept back plow shanks
- Four 5" and two 6" agitation idlers per conveyor.

Optional Features

The following options are available for the AMADAS digger-inverters:

- Hitch extension. An optional hitch extension is available for the ADI-436, 438, and 440 models. This extension allows the digger-inverter to be used with row spaced dual tires on the tractor.
- 6" agitator idlers for dirt removal. Two additional agitators can be added to any model for additional dirt removal.
- **NOTE!** We recommend not adding more agitation than absolutely necessary as conveyor life can be reduced by increased agitation.

Requirements

Tractor requirements for the digger-inverters are:

- 4-row digger-inverter: Category III or IIIN hitch or quick hitch; 25 gallons per minute hydraulic capacity minimum.
- 6-row digger-inverter: Category III or IVN hitch or quick hitch; 25 gallons per minute hydraulic capacity minimum.
- 8-row digger-inverter: Category III or IVN hitch or quick hitch. 25 gallons per minute hydraulic capacity minimum.
- 8-row pull-type digger-inverter: 2 5/16 ball hitch. 25 gallons per minute hydraulic capacity minimum.
- 12-row pull-type digger-inverter: 2 5/16 ball hitch. 25 gallons per minute hydraulic capacity minimum.
- For all models: The tractor must have a hydraulic connection that returns hydraulic fluid directly back to the tank.

Specifications/Dimensions

Dimensions for the digger-inverters are in the chart below.

NOTE! The weight of the machine may vary due to the choice of plow patterns.

MODEL NAME	# OF ROWS	ROW WIDTHS (IN)	WEIGHT LBS	HORSEPOWER SUGGESTED	CONVEYOR WIDTH (IN)	# OF BARS	OVERALL WIDTH (IN)	HEIGHT (IN)	LENGTH (IN)	HITCH REQUIREMENTS
ADI-4	4	36	4800	135+	64	58	162	64	162	CAT III & Quick Hitch 3
		38	5000		68		170	64	162	
ADI-6	6	30	7200	160+	52	87	196	64	162	CAT III & Quick Hitch 3 or 4N
		36	7500		64		232	64	162	
		38	7700		68		244	64	162	
		40	7900		68		255	64	162	
ADI-8	8	30	8500	200+	52	116	255	64	158	CAT III & Quick Hitch 3 or 4N
		36	9000		64		303	64	144	
		40	9400		68		336	64	144	
ADI-8PT	8	36		170+	64	116				2 5/16 ball
		38			68					
		40			68					
ADI-12PT	12	36		200+	64	174	447 open	82 open	265	2 5/16 ball
							312 folded	144 folded		

NOTE: 8-36 and 8-40 diggers require a belly mounted coulter kit (70970).

1. Safety

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This symbol means:

ATTENTION!

BECOME ALERT!

YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!

SAFETY AT ALL TIMES!

You, the operator, can help avoid accidents or injury by observing the precautions in this section and insisting that others working for or with you also follow them.

- Do NOT attempt to operate this equipment under the influence of drugs or alcohol, or prescription/over-the-counter drugs that may cause impairment.
- This equipment is dangerous to children and persons unfamiliar with its operation. They should never be allowed to operate this machinery or remain in its vicinity while in operation.
- Only a trained operator familiar with this machinery and trained in its operation should be allowed to operate this machine. Do NOT allow any person to operate or perform maintenance on this machine until he or she has read this manual and understands the safety precautions.
- To prevent injury or death, use a tractor equipped with a Rollover Protective System (ROPS).
- NEVER exceed a machine's limits. If a machine's ability to perform a job safely is in question, DO NOT USE THE MACHINE TO ATTEMPT THAT JOB.

Shields

- Certain photographs or illustrations in this manual may show a safety shield removed. However, NEVER operate this machine without all shields correctly in place!
- If a shield must be removed to make a repair or adjustment, replace the shield prior to use.

Safety Decals

- Replace any CAUTION, WARNING, DANGER, or instruction safety decal that is not readable or is missing.
- Do NOT paint over, remove, or deface any safety sign or warning decals.

Look for the Safety Alert Symbol!



The Safety Alert Symbol indicates a potential safety hazard to personnel and that extra precaution must be taken. When you see this symbol on the machine, remain alert and carefully read the message that follows it. ALWAYS follow the recommended precautions and safe operating procedures accompanying this symbol. If you have any questions, please contact your dealer or the manufacturer.

Safety Signal Words Used

Three safety signal words are used on the machine and in this manual to indicate the degree or level of hazard seriousness. These three words are:

⚠ DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This signal word is to be limited to the most extreme situations, typically for machine components that, for functional purposes, cannot be guarded.

⚠ WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury, and includes hazards that are exposed when guards are removed. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

⚠ CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTE! This section covers general safety. Some items may not apply to this type of machine.

Safety Practices

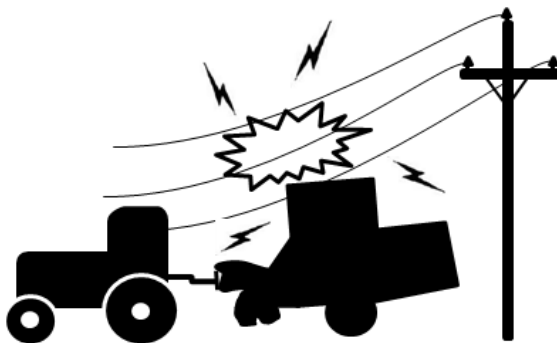
Transport Machine Safely

- Comply with state and local laws.
- Be familiar with tractor operations and follow all safety instructions in the tractor's manual.
- Before moving away, always check immediate vicinity (e.g., for children).
- NEVER exceed a maximum speed of 20 MPH.
- Always adapt ground speed to road or field conditions, making sure you have adequate control of steering and stopping.
- Avoid sharp turns, holes, ditches, and obstructions which may cause the tractor to tip, particularly on hillsides.
- Use following tow load weight ratios as guidelines:
20 MPH when weight is less than or equal to the weight of the tractor
10 MPH when weight is more than weight of the tractor
- NEVER tow a load more than double the weight of the tractor!
- Sudden braking can cause a towed load to swerve and upset. Reduce speed if towed load is not equipped with brakes.



Avoid Electrical Power Lines

- Make sure all components are secured in the proper position before transporting machine (for example: basket bin lip extension, mower deck, off-loading conveyor, etc.).
- AVOID all lines, particularly low-hanging electrical cables, during transport.



⚠ DANGER

Contact with electrical lines will cause the operator to suffer severe electrical shock or possibly death.

Use a Safety Chain

- Use a safety chain to help control machinery if it separates from the tractor drawbar.
- Use a chain with strength rating equal to greater than the gross weight of the towed machine.
- Attach the chain to the tractor drawbar support, allowing only enough slack in the chain for turning.
- ALWAYS attach the machine properly to the tractor drawbar. Do NOT use a safety chain for towing.



NOTE! This section covers general safety. Some items may not apply to this type of machine.

Avoid High Pressure Fluids

⚠ CAUTION



- Use extreme care when working with hydraulic components and high pressure sprays.
- Escaping fluid or spray under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury.
- To avoid injury, relieve pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines.
- Tighten all connections before applying hydraulic or spray pressure.
- Search hoses/connections for leaks with a piece of cardboard.
- Take appropriate safety measures to protect hands, body, and face from high pressure fluids.
- Always wear appropriate safety gear to protect hands, body and face from exposure to high pressure fluids.
- Never try to block the flow or search for leaks of high pressure fluids with your hands even if wearing gloves. High pressure fluids can penetrate gloves as well as your skin.
- Always avoid direct contact of any high pressure fluid low.
- If an accident occurs, respond as follows:
 - Seek medical treatment immediately. Any fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result.
 - Alert the medical professionals that a fluid injection or high pressure spray injury has occurred.
 - Give information on the type of fluid or spray and time the accident occurred. If known, include the amount of fluid injected and/or the system injection pressure.
 - Surgery will most likely be required, so no food or drink for the affected person.

Doctors unfamiliar with this type of injury should reference a knowledgeable medical source. Such information is available in English from Deere & Company Medical Department in Moline, Illinois, U.S.A., by calling 1-800-822-8262 or +1 309-748-5636.

VERY IMPORTANT!! Although in some cases there is little or no pain from an injection or high pressure spray accident, **THIS IS A SERIOUS EVENT THAT MUST BE TREATED BY MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS!!!**

NOTE! This section covers general safety. Some items may not apply to this type of machine.

Work in Ventilated Area

Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death.

- If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area, remove the exhaust fumes from the area with an exhaust pipe extension.
- If you do not have an exhaust pipe extension, open the doors and get outside air into the area.

AMADAS DOES NOT RECOMMEND RUNNING ANY ENGINE IN AN ENCLOSED AREA EVEN WITH VENTILATION.



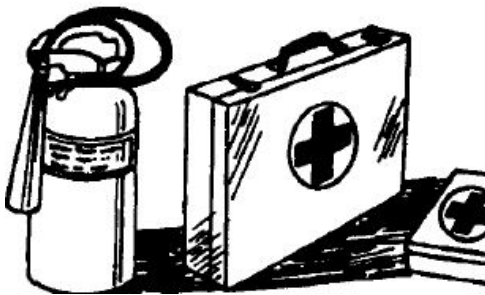
Handle Fuel Safety – Avoid Fires

- Handle fuel with care; it is highly flammable.
- Do NOT refuel the machine while smoking or when near open flame or sparks.
- ALWAYS stop engine before refueling machine.
- Fill fuel tank outdoors.
- Prevent fires by keeping machine clean of accumulated trash, grease, and debris.
- ALWAYS clean up spilled fuel.



Prepare for Emergencies

- Be prepared if a fire starts.
- Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher handy.
- Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department near your telephone.



Wear Protective Clothing

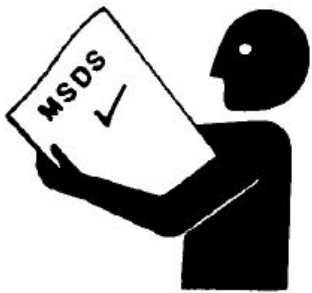
- Wear close-fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.
- Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator. Do NOT wear radio or music headphones while operating machine.



NOTE! This section covers general safety. Some items may not apply to this type of machine.

Handle Chemical Products Safely

- Direct exposure to hazardous chemicals can cause serious injury. Potentially hazardous chemicals used with AMADAS equipment include such items as lubricants, coolants, paints, and adhesives.
- Before you start any job using a hazardous chemical, check the MSDS so that you are aware of the risks and know how to proceed safely. Carefully follow all procedures, using only recommended equipment.
- See your AMADAS dealer for MSDS on chemical products used with AMADAS equipment.



Avoid Contact with Moving Parts

- Wear close-fitting clothing to avoid entanglement with moving parts.
- Keep hands, feet, and clothing away from power-driven parts.
- Never clean, lubricate or adjust machine when it is running.



Remove Accumulated Crop Debris

- The buildup of chaff and crop debris near moving parts or heat sources is a hazard.
- Check and clean these areas frequently.
- Before performing any inspection or service, engage tractor's parking brake, turn off engine, and remove key.

Practice Safe Maintenance

- Understand the service procedure before doing work. Use proper tools and refer to the User Manual.
- Keep service area clean and dry.
- Lower machine to ground, engage parking brake, turn off engine, and remove key before performing maintenance.
- Allow time for the machine to cool completely.
- Never lubricate, service, or adjust machine while it is moving.
- Keep hands, feet, and clothing from power-driven parts.
- Securely support any machine elements that must be raised for service work.
- Keep all parts in good condition and properly installed.
- Fix any damage immediately; replace worn or broken parts.
- Keep the machine free of any buildup of grease, oil, or debris.



NOTE! This section covers general safety. Some items may not apply to this type of machine.

Remove Paint/Protective Coating Before Welding Or Heating

- Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust.
- Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint or coatings are heated by welding, soldering, or by using a torch.
- Do all work outside or in a well-ventilated area.
- Remove paint/coatings before welding or heating:
 - o If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust. Wear an approved respirator.
 - o If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding.
 - o Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from the area.

- o Allow any fumes to disperse for at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.
- Do NOT use a chlorinated solvent in areas where welding will take place.
- Do all work in an area that is well-ventilated to carry toxic fumes and dust away.
- Dispose of paint/coatings and solvent properly.



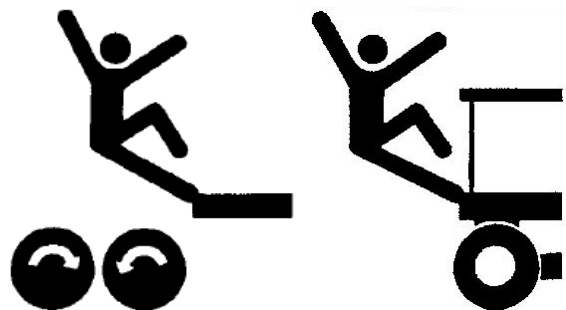
Avoid Using Heat Near Pressurized Fluid Lines

- Flammable spray can be generated by heating near pressurized fluid lines, resulting in severe burns to yourself and bystanders.
- Do NOT heat by welding, soldering, or using a torch near pressurized fluid lines or other flammable materials. Pressurized lines can accidentally burst when heat goes beyond the immediate flame area.



Keep Riders off of Machine

- Only allow the operator on the machine. Riders obstruct the operator's view, which results in the machine being operated in an unsafe manner.
- Riders are subject to injury such as being thrown off of the machine.
- Children should NEVER be allowed on the machine.



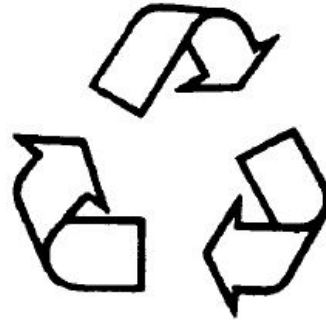
NOTE! This section covers general safety. Some items may not apply to this type of machine.

Dispose Of Waste Properly

Improperly disposing of waste can threaten the environment and ecology. Potentially harmful waste includes items such as oil, fuel, coolant, brake fluid, filters, and batteries.

- Use leak-proof containers when draining fluids.
- Do NOT use food or beverage containers that may mislead someone into drinking from them.
- Do NOT pour waste onto the ground, down a drain or into a water source.

- Inquire about the proper way to recycle or dispose of waste from your local environmental or recycling center, FEMA, or from your AMADAS dealer.



Support Machine Properly

- Always lower the attachment or implement to the ground before you work on the machine. If the work requires that the machine or attachment be lifted, provide secure support for them. If left in a raised position, hydraulically supported devices can settle or leak down.
- Do NOT support the machine on cinder blocks, hollow tiles, or props that may crumble under continuous load.
- Do NOT work under a machine that is supported solely by a jack.
- Follow all safety procedures in this manual for supporting the machine.
- When implements or attachments are used with a machine, always follow safety precautions listed in the implement or attachment operator's manual.



Service Drive Belts Safely

When servicing drive belts, always observe these precautions:

- Avoid serious injury from hand or arm entanglement. Never attempt to clean, check, or adjust belts while the machine is running. Always shut off the engine, set the parking brake and remove the key.
- Do NOT attempt to clean belts with flammable cleaning solvents.



NOTE! This section covers general safety. Some items may not apply to this type of machine.

Service Tires Safely

Explosive separation of a tire and rim parts can cause serious injury or death.

- Do NOT attempt to mount a tire unless you have the proper equipment and experience to perform the job.
- Always maintain the correct tire pressure.
- Do NOT inflate the tires above the recommended pressure.
- Never weld or heat a wheel and tire assembly. The heat can cause an increase in air pressure resulting in a tire explosion. Welding can structurally weaken or deform the wheel.

- When inflating the tires, use a clip-on chuck and extension hose long enough to allow you to stand to one side and NOT in front of or over the tire assembly. Use a safety cage if available.
- Check wheels for low pressure, cuts, bubbles, damaged rims, or missing lug bolts and nuts. NEVER fill a damaged tire or one that is missing lug bolts or nuts.



Pay Close Attention to Notes

- Throughout the manual, information that needs to be emphasized is set apart with either a "NOTE!" or "IMPORTANT!" heading.
- Please be sure to carefully read this information, as it usually indicates a situation that could cause machine damage.



Maintain Your Machine

- It is crucial you maintain your machine in proper working condition.
- Perform all scheduled maintenance and repairs in a timely manner.
- Do NOT perform unauthorized modifications to the machine as these could impair the function and/or safety of the machine and affect machine life.

Use Safety Lights and Devices

Slow moving tractors, self-propelled equipment and towed implements or attachments can create hazards when driven on public roads. They are difficult to see, especially at night.

- Whenever you drive on public roads, use flashing lights and turn signals according to local regulations.
- To increase visibility, use the lights and devices provided with your machine.
- Keep safety items in good condition.
- Replace missing or damaged items.



Additional Safety for this Machine

Operate the Machine Safely

- Keep hands, feet, and clothing away from moving parts.
- Do NOT allow anyone to stand on or inside the machine during operation.
- Do NOT crawl underneath the machine while it is in operation.
- Do NOT operate unless all shields are in place.

Move or Pick Up Machine Safely

- Do NOT attempt to lift the digger manually. The smallest digger weighs more than 4500 pounds.
- Use only safe lifting methods, such as a tractor, to raise the machine.

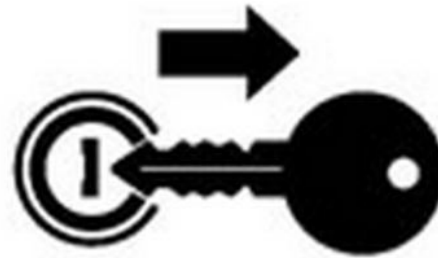
Handle Edges Safely

- Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.



Set Up and Maintain Machine Safely

- Do NOT make any adjustments or attempt any maintenance while the digger is in operation or being towed.
- Make sure the tractor is in park, turned off and the key removed from the ignition before attempting maintenance. Do NOT allow anyone to sit on the tractor.



- Follow all safety warnings for working with hydraulics.

Safety Decals

Safety decals identify specific hazards, as well as general safety. A signal word (▲DANGER, ▲WARNING, or ▲CAUTION) is included on each decal to alert you to the severity of the hazard.

Please note the following about the decals:

- Keep them clean and legible.
- Never remove a safety decal from the machine.
- When you replace a part with a safety decal, also replace that decal.

- For replacement decals, call your AMADAS dealer.
- Replacement safety decals are available free of charge.

Safety decals used on this machine are shown on the following pages. Decal locations are also included.

Decals



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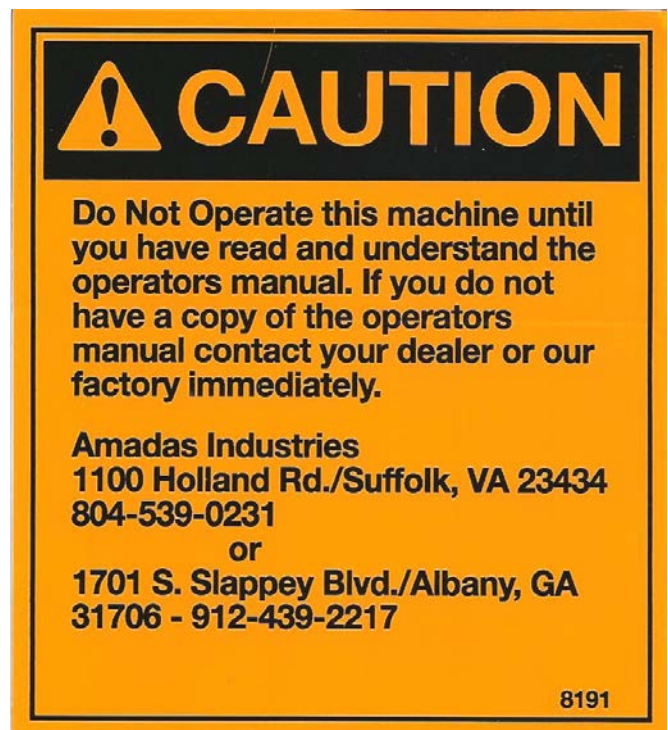
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8191



8190

Decal Locations

Due to the number and variety of machines covered by this manual, decal locations are not shown.

NOTES

2.

Setup

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Pull-Type Diggers

This chapter contains information for setting up a 3-Point Hitch Digger-Inverter. For additional information on setting up a pull-type digger-inverter, see the AMADAS Pull-Type Digger-Inverters Supplement included with this manual.

READ FIRST!

This chapter contains instructions for setting up your digger-inverter for operation. You may need to refer to Chapter 3, *Adjustments*, for additional information during the setup procedure.

Before you set up your digger-inverter for use, please make sure to:

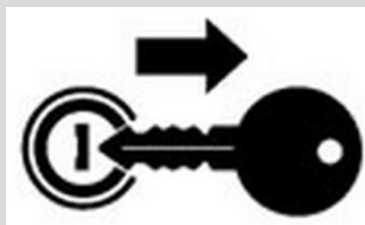
- Read Chapter 1, *Safety*, before beginning the setup procedure.
- Read over this chapter and make sure you are familiar with setup instructions before beginning.
- Make sure you have all necessary tools on hand.
- Remove all packing materials.
- Carefully inspect the digger-inverter and all associated parts and equipment.
- Report any evidence of damage from shipping or handling to your AMADAS representative immediately.

CAUTION



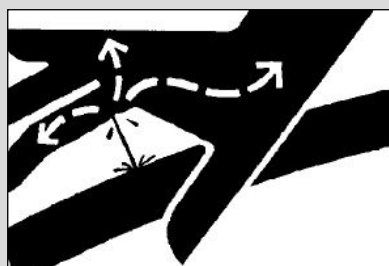
Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.

CAUTION



Once the crop lifter/conditioner is attached to the tractor, make sure the tractor is in park, with the ignition turned off, and the key removed before any adjustments are made.

WARNING



Escaping hydraulic fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury.

Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high pressure fluids.

See Chapter 1, *Safety*, for more information on safe handling of hydraulics and for instructions in the event of a hydraulic injury.

Setup Instructions

Fenders

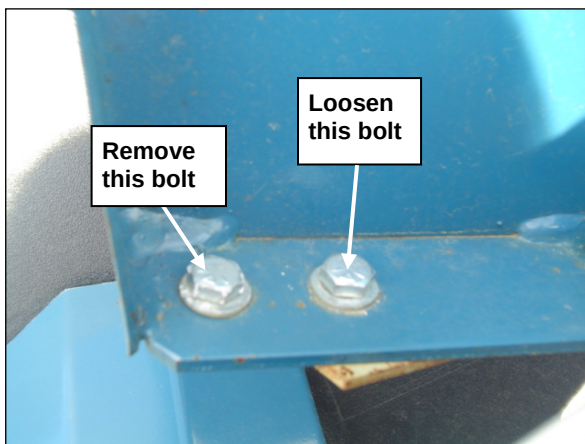
The digger-inverter is shipped with its fenders and vine deflector shields in the stored position.



NOTE! The machines shown in photos may vary slightly from your machine, as different models are available. Unless otherwise noted, instructions are the same for all models.

To position the fenders:

1. Remove one bolt on the top and one bolt on the bottom.



2. Loosen the other bolt as shown in the photo above.

3. Swing the fender into place as shown below.



4. Replace the top and bottom bolts.
5. Set the fenders to the desired angle and tighten all fasteners.

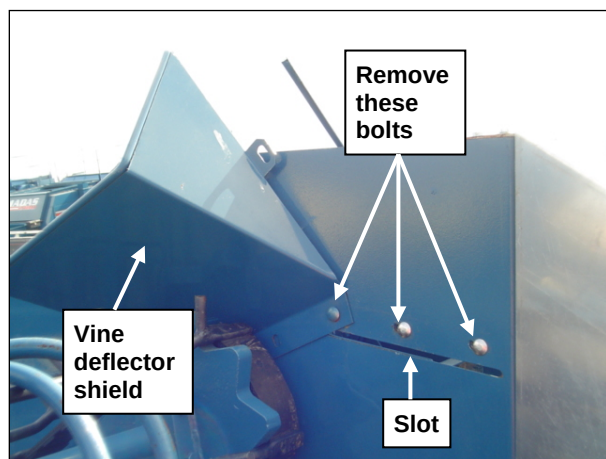
Vine Deflector Shields

Position the vine deflector shields after the fenders have been positioned.

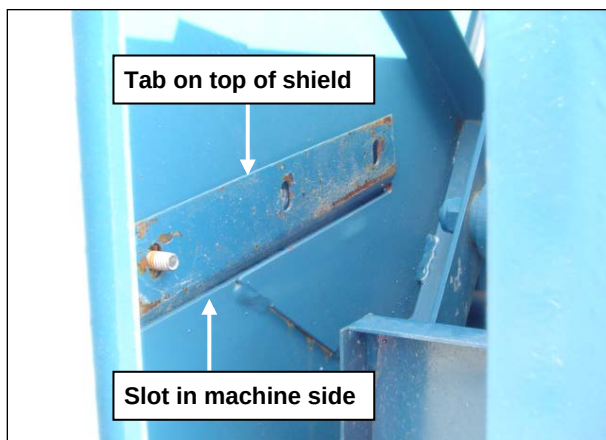
NOTE! The machines shown in photos may vary slightly from your machine, as different models are available. Unless otherwise noted, instructions are the same for all models.

To position the vine deflector shields:

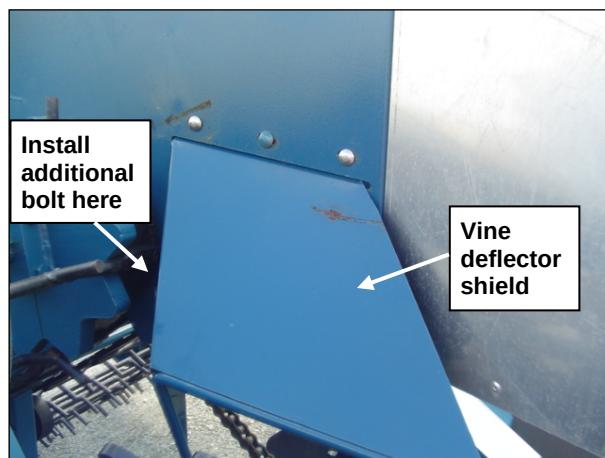
1. Remove the bolts indicated in the photo.



2. Remove the vine deflector shield.
3. Insert the top tab of the shield through the slot in the conveyor side frame as shown below.



4. Position the vine deflector shield as shown.



5. Install and tighten all of the bolts. Note that there is an additional bolt in the middle of the panel as shown in the photo.

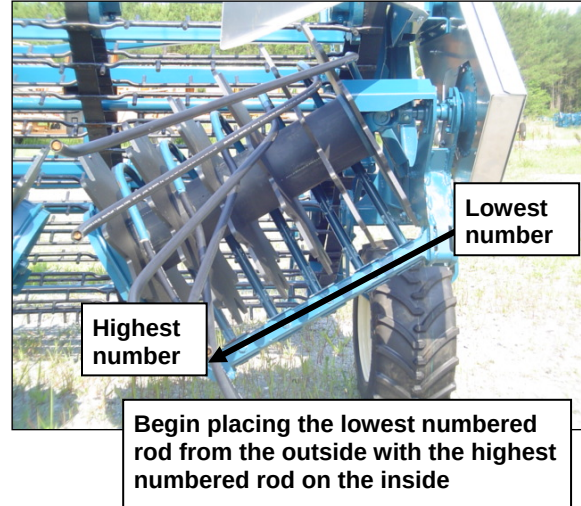
Inverter Rods

Inverter rods arrive lashed to the digger-inverter's conveyor. Set rods as follows:

1. Before beginning,
 - o Refer to the drawings on the next page and use the applicable one to place the inverter rods correctly.
 - o Note that each conveyor section of your digger-inverter, whether 4- or 6-row, should be configured as shown in the applicable drawing.



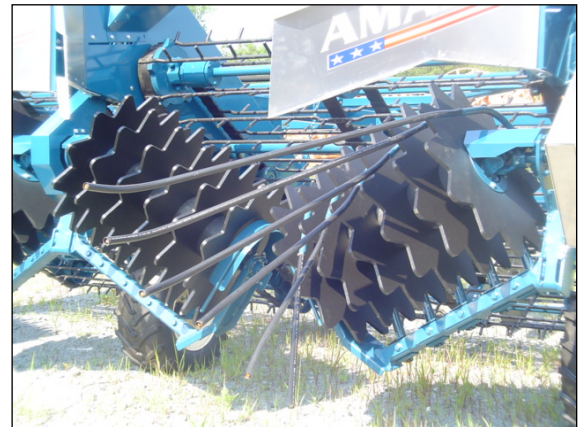
2. Unlash the rods.
3. Each rod is labeled; determine which rod is the lowest numbered.
4. Starting at the outside of each inverter section, place the rods in order into the center of the section, with the lowest numbered rod on the outside and the highest numbered rod on the inside.



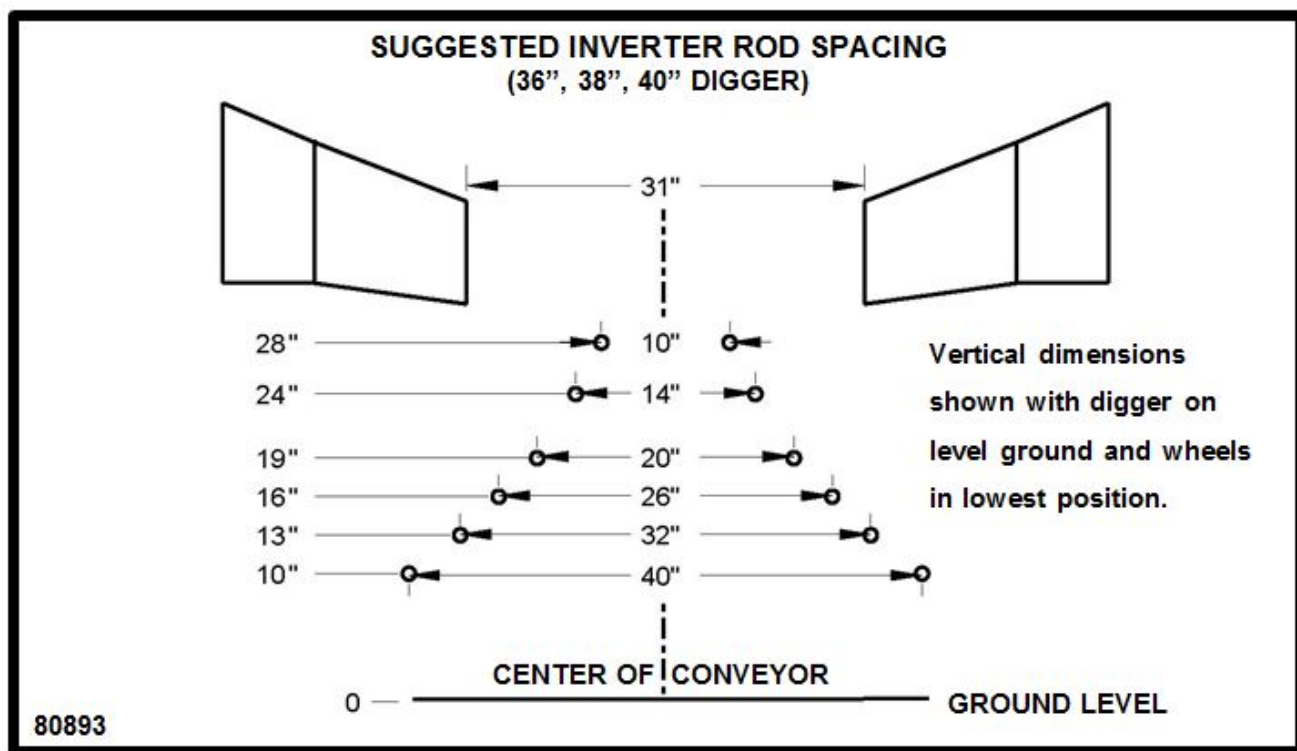
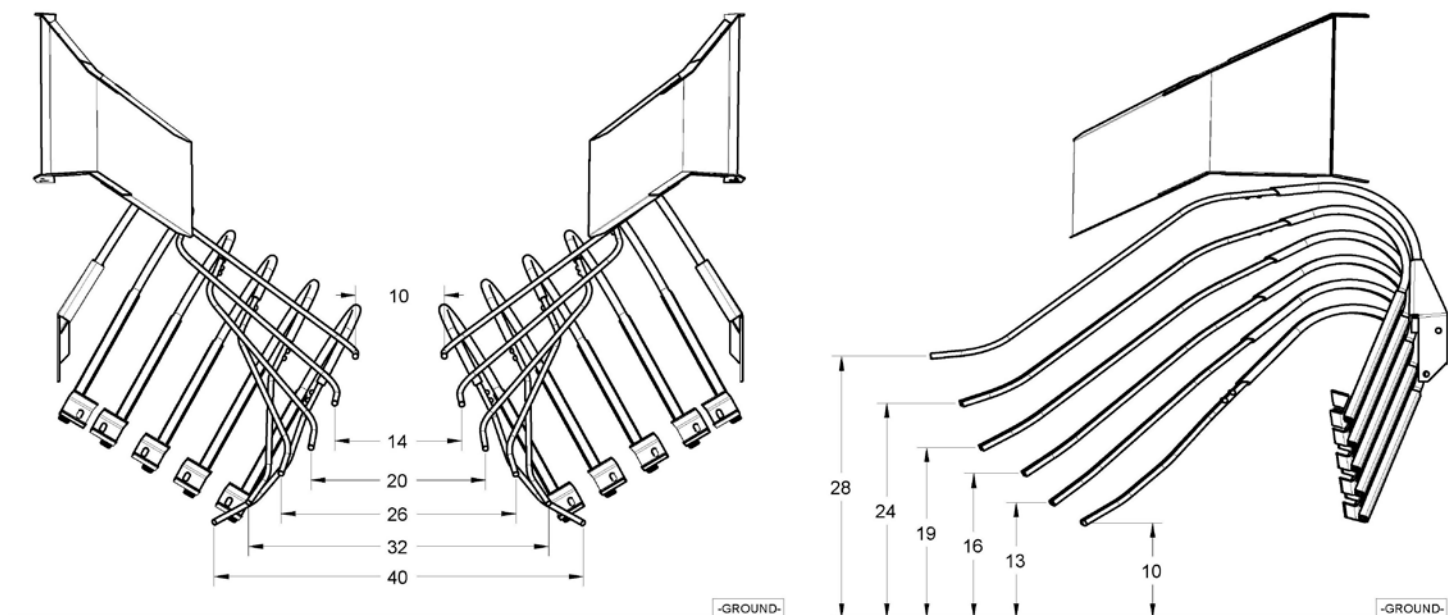
5. Properly position each rod as shown in the photos and drawings.

NOTE! The decals located on the machine depicting rod spacing are shown on page 20.

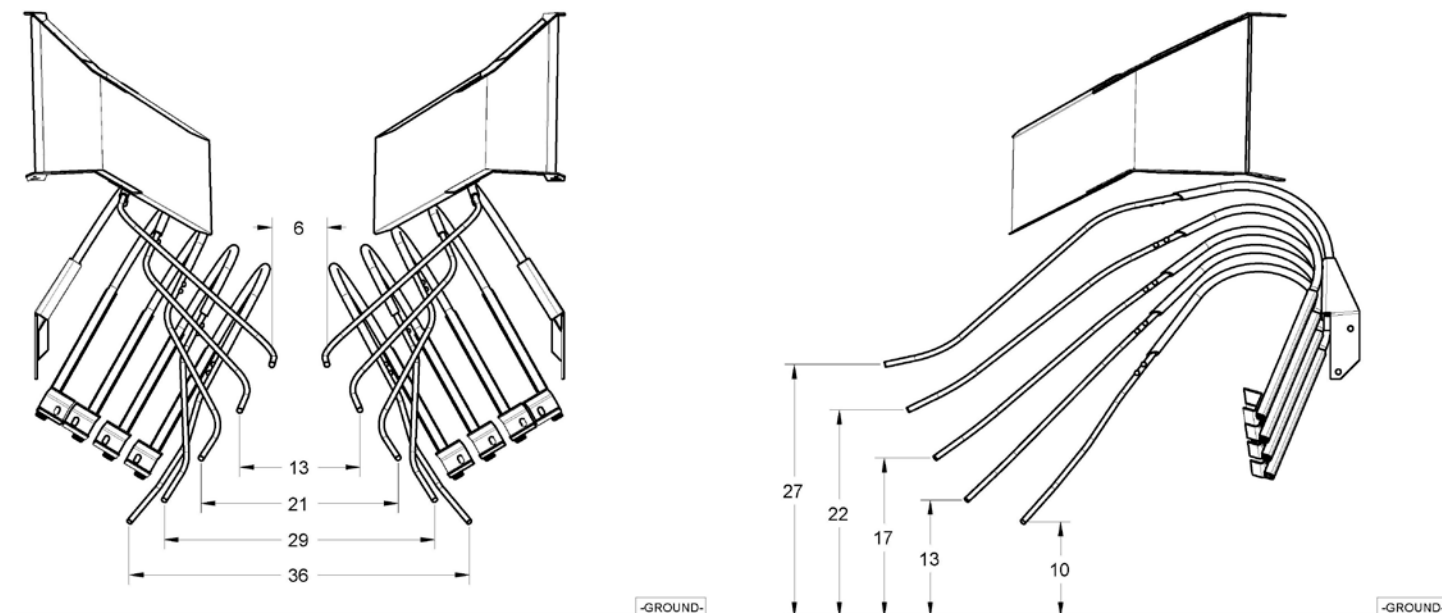
6. Check rod spacing. Make sure rods are positioned evenly between rotor disks before tightening fasteners.



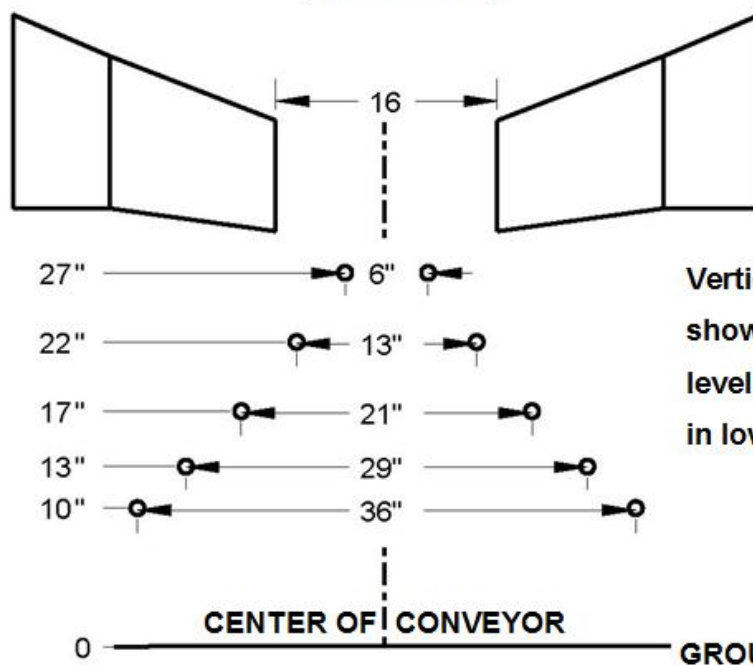
Inverter rod spacing for 36, 38, & 40-inch Rotors



Inverter rod spacing for 30" rods



SUGGESTED INVERTER ROD SPACING (30" DIGGER)



Vertical dimensions
shown with digger on
level ground and wheels
in lowest position.

80894

Vine Cutters (Coulters)

CAUTION

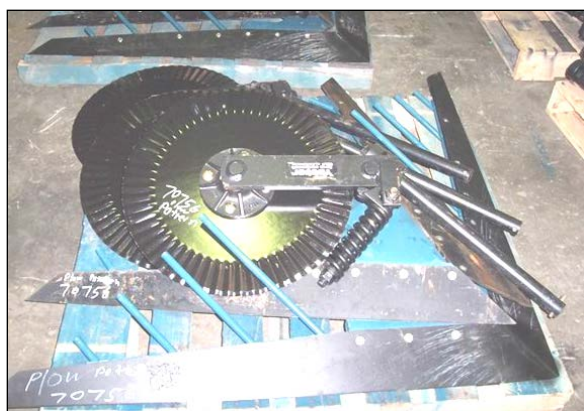


Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.

Before installing the coulter, refer to the *Appendix* of this manual along with the *Parts Catalog* to determine how the coulter should be placed. Also refer to the confirmation of the kit purchased with your machine.

With the exception of the outside two coulter, all other coulter should be aligned with your row centers.

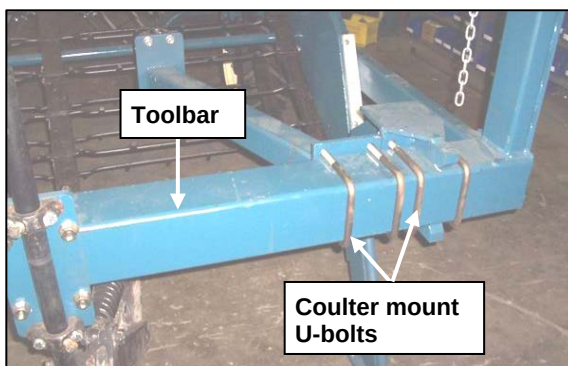
1. Unpack the coulter from the shipping package and check over to make sure there is no shipping damage. Report any damage to your AMADAS representative.



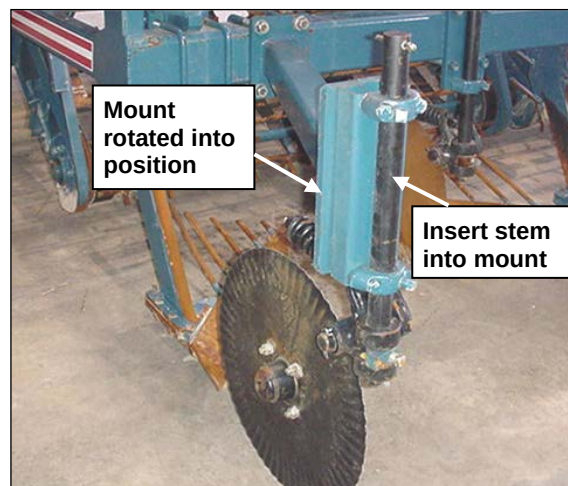
2. Raise the digger-inverter and place blocks or jacks under the toolbar.

WARNING

Do NOT attempt to lift the digger, as serious injury could result. Use an appropriate lifting means such as the tractor to raise the machine.



3. Remove the U-bolts for the coulters mount and rotate the mount so that the coulters end of the mount is pointed towards the tractor.



4. Space the coulters mounts across the toolbar. Please refer to "Coulter" in Chapter 3, *Adjustments*.
5. Insert the coulters stem into the mount and tighten the bolts.

NOTE! For the four-row digger-inverter equipped with a V-plow, one of the coulters stems is obviously shorter than the others. This shorter coulters must be installed in the center of the machine to accommodate the V-plow and avoid interference with the tractor top link.

6. Refer to "Coulter" in Chapter 3, *Adjustments*, for more specific information on placing coulter.

Plows

CAUTION



Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.

Plows are packaged along with the coulters separately from the machine.

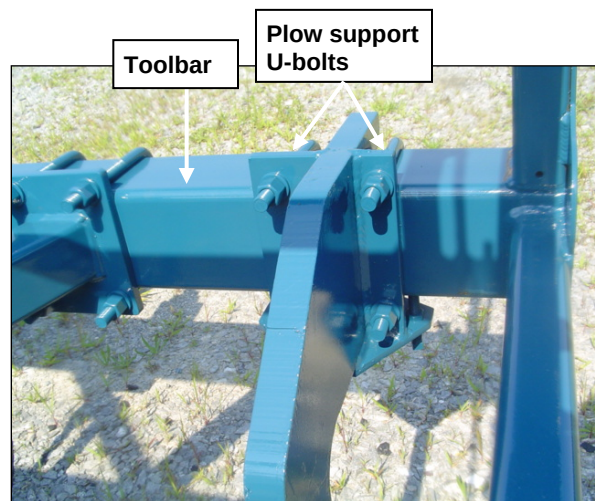
1. Unpack the plows from the shipping package and check over to make sure there is no shipping damage. Report any damage to your AMADAS representative.



2. Raise the digger-inverter and place blocks or jacks under the toolbar.

WARNING

Do NOT attempt to lift the digger, as serious injury could result. Use an appropriate lifting means such as the tractor to raise the machine.



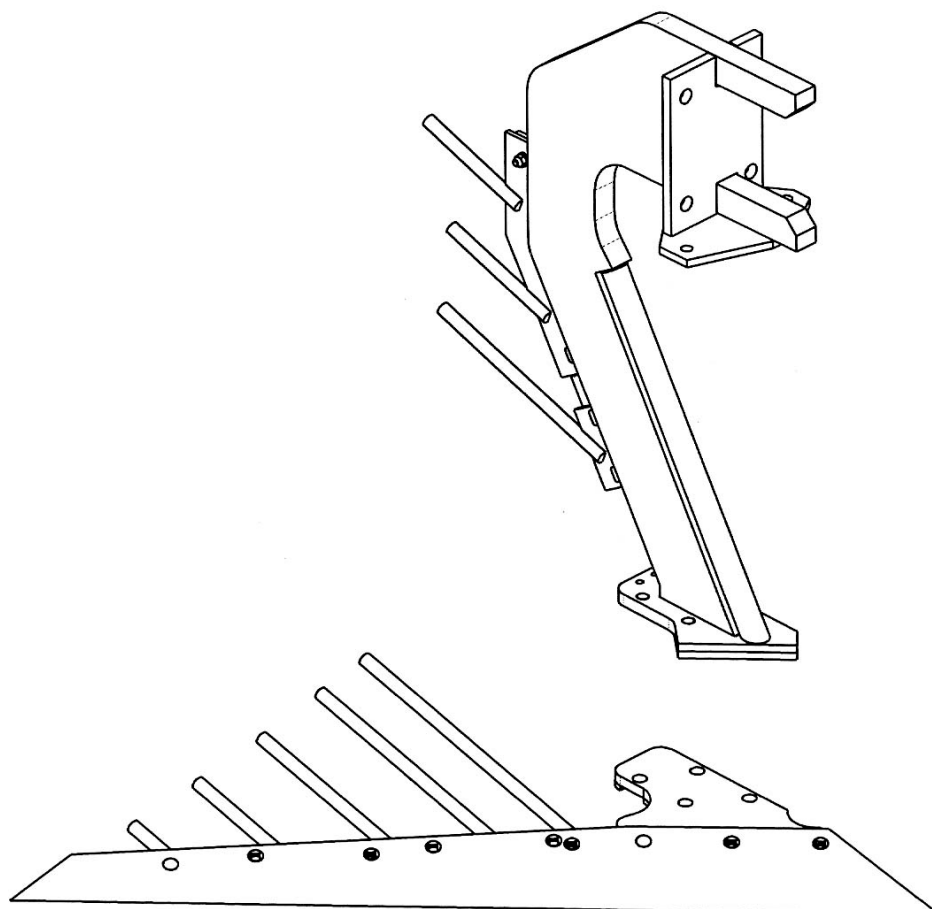
3. Space the plow shanks across the toolbar as indicated for your crop spacing. These have been preset, but may require moving for twin row crops.

IMPORTANT! To make sure your plows are spaced correctly for your crop conditions, refer to "Plows" in Chapter 3, *Adjustments*. Carefully read and follow these instructions to ensure a cleanly plowed crop with the maximum number of peanuts.

Plows, Cont'd

4. For each plow, bolt the frog and blade assemblies to the bottom of the shank using the Grade 8, 5/8" bolts included from the factory. Refer to the drawing below.
5. Refer to "Level Plows" in Chapter 3, *Adjustments*, for information on making sure the plows are level.

NOTE! The shank, blade, and frog assemblies are heavy and require two people to handle them.

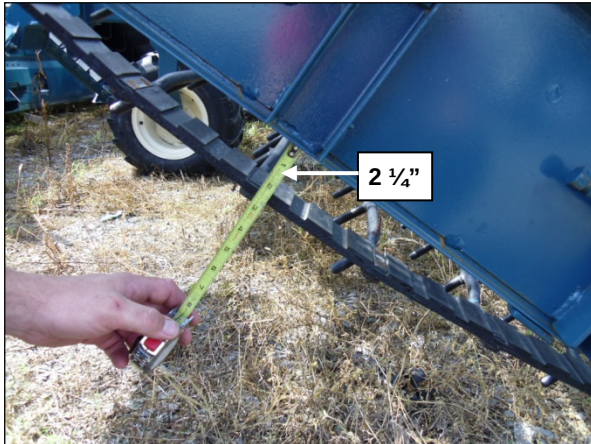


Conveyors

Belts

The conveyors are factory installed and belts are properly installed and tensioned. Before using the digger, however, check each belt to make sure the belts have not become loosened during shipping.

Belts should have at least 2¼" of sag as shown in the photo.



IMPORTANT! Proper belt tension is important to ensure that the conveyor operates at optimum performance. If belts are too loose, the conveyors will not operate as efficiently. If too tight, excessive wear may occur on the conveyor rods and drive sprockets.

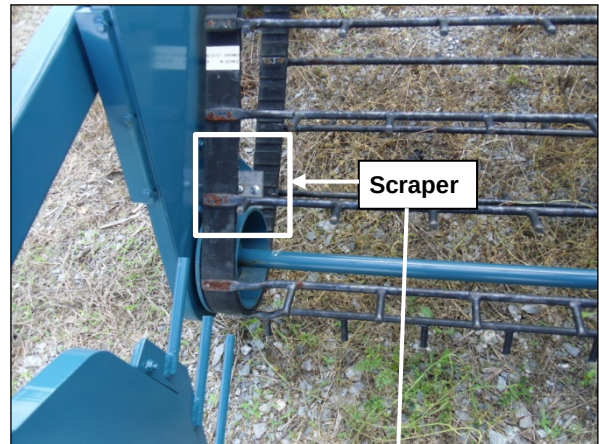
See Chapter 3, *Adjustments*, "Conveyor Belts and Rods" for information on how to adjust conveyor belts.

Scrapers

Scrapers are located at the bottom of each conveyor belt.

- Make sure they are securely attached and kept free of debris.
- As the scraper blades wear, it is important to adjust the placement of the scrapers to keep them close to the front idlers (1/16") to prevent soil build up. Excessive build up on the front idlers will over-tension the conveyor belt and cause premature wear.
- Note that an excessively worn blade may be flipped so that the other side can be used.

See Chapter 3, *Adjustments*, "Scrapers" for more information.



Tractor Hookup

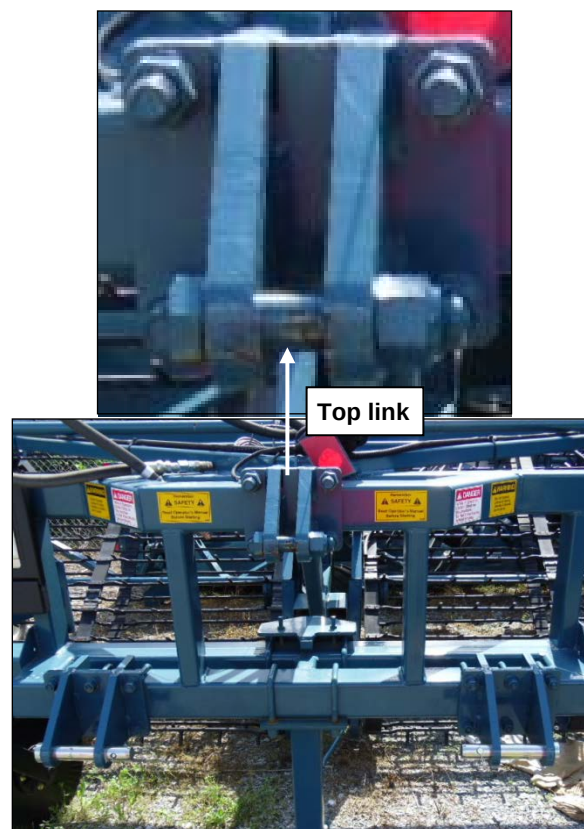
3-Point Hitch Digger-Inverters

The 4-, 6-, and 8-row non pull-type digger-inverters are designed for use with the Category III, IV and IVN quick hitches.

NOTE! On tractors with quick hitches, the sway blocks should be adjusted so that there is no more than one inch of sway in either direction.

Once the sway blocks have been adjusted, the digger may be hitched to the tractor.

1. Back your tractor up to the digger-inverter and connect the hitch. It may be necessary to adjust the top link in order to connect the hitch.



2. After connecting, slowly raise and lower the digger-inverter to make sure there is no interference between the digger-inverter and the tractor. If operating a 4-row with row-spaced duals, an optional hitch extension is required to eliminate the contact between the coulters and the tires.

NOTE! To find a good starting setting for the top link, connect the digger-inverter and turn the top link in 2 - 2½ turns.

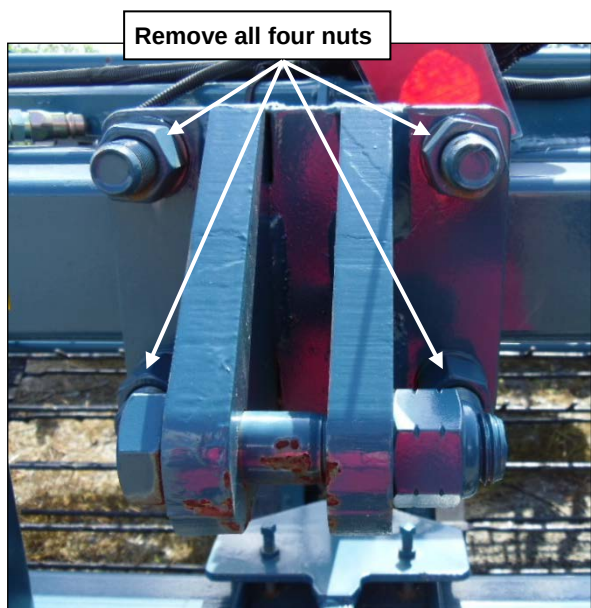
Optional Hitch

An optional hitch is available for CAT III and CAT IVN hitches for 4-row digger-inverters.

Installing Optional Hitch

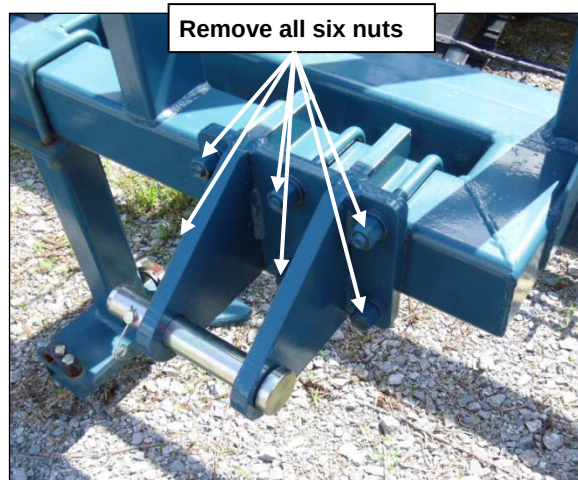
To install the optional hitch:

1. Remove the nuts holding the original top hitch link.



2. Remove the upper hitch link, leaving the U-bolts in position.
3. Install the new upper link with the larger hole at the top. Use the nuts that were removed in Step 1.
4. Torque U-bolts to 200 ft-lbs, dry.

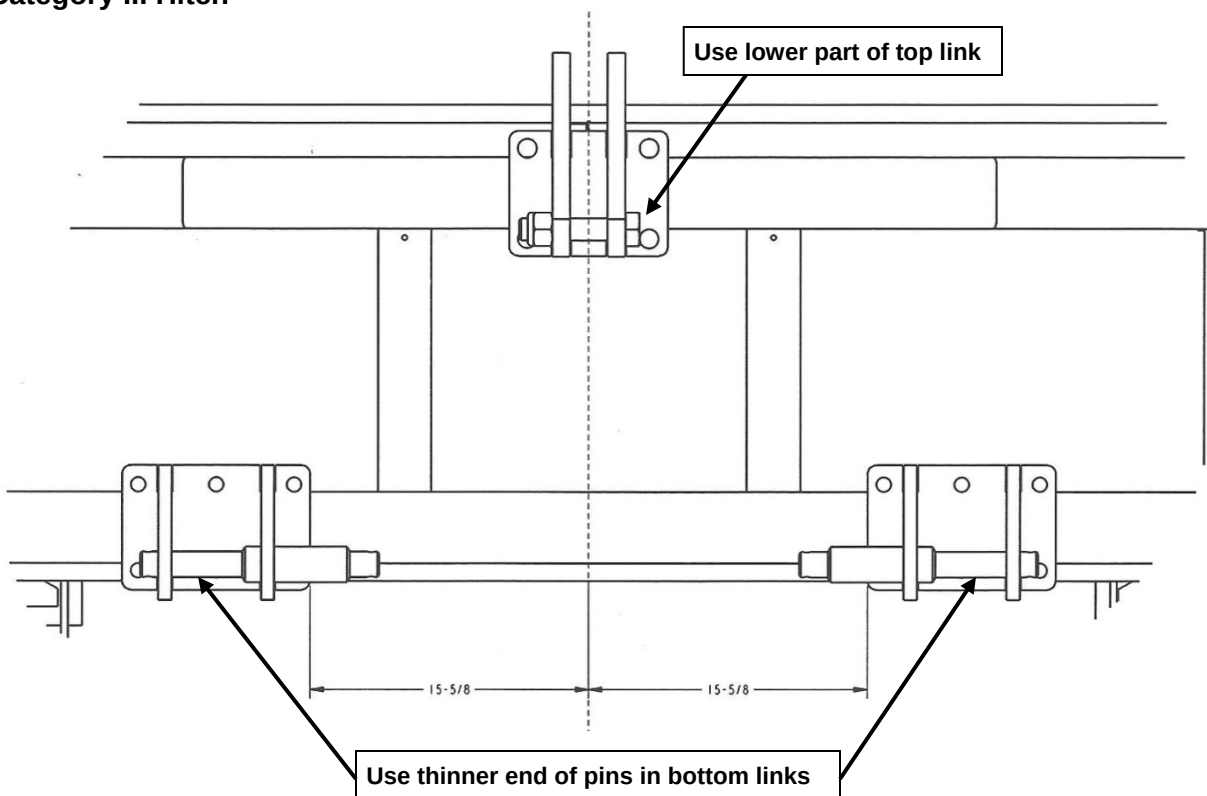
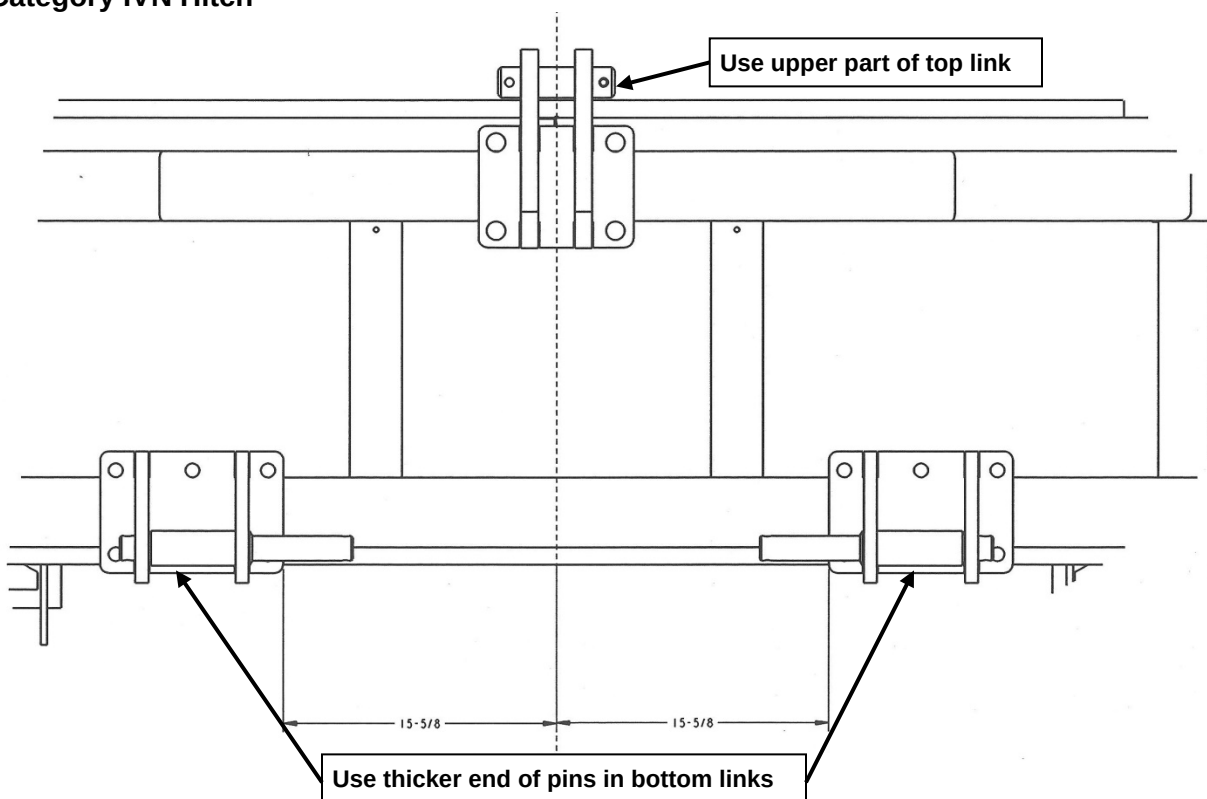
5. Remove the nuts holding one of the lower hitch links.



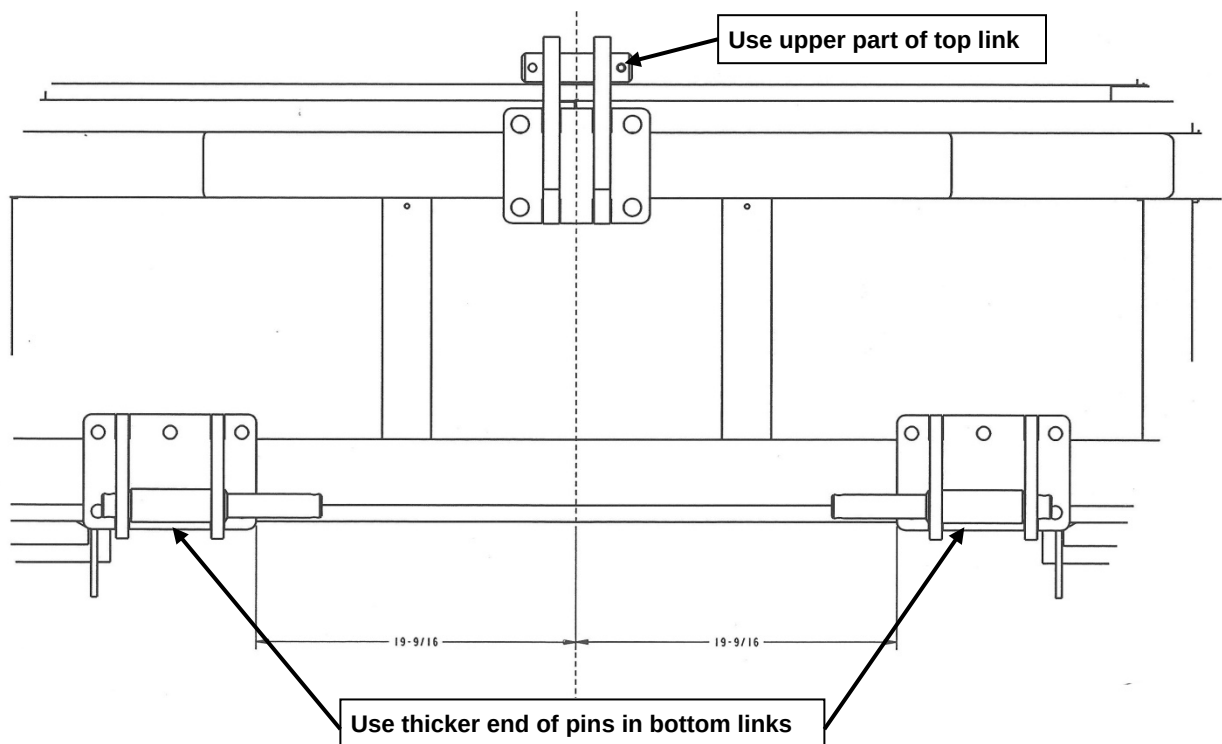
6. Remove the lower hitch link, leaving the U-bolts in position.
7. Install the new lower hitch link with the nuts that were removed in the position shown on the following pages.
8. Torque U-bolts to 200 ft-lbs, dry.
9. Repeat Steps 5-8 for the second lower hitch link.

Using the Optional Hitch

The manner in which the optional hitch is used depends on hitch category. Refer to the drawings on the next two pages for the correct way to set up the hitch points for each category.

Category III Hitch**Category IVN Hitch**

Category IV
(Can be used only on ADI-636, ADI-638, ADI-640)



Connect Hydraulics

WARNING



Escaping hydraulic fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury.

Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high pressure fluids.

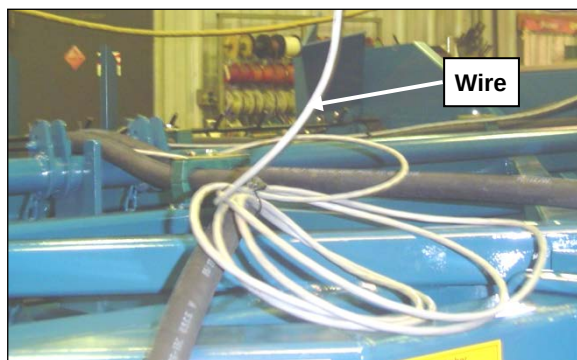
See Chapter 1, *Safety*, for more information on safe handling of hydraulics and for instructions in the event of a hydraulic injury.

1. Connect the hydraulic hoses to the tractor. For proper operation, it is imperative that the pressure hose (indicated in the first photo) be connected to the tractor remote forward pressure port. The pressure hose is marked with tape. The return hose (indicated in the next photo) must be connected to a direct return to the reservoir and not to the remote.



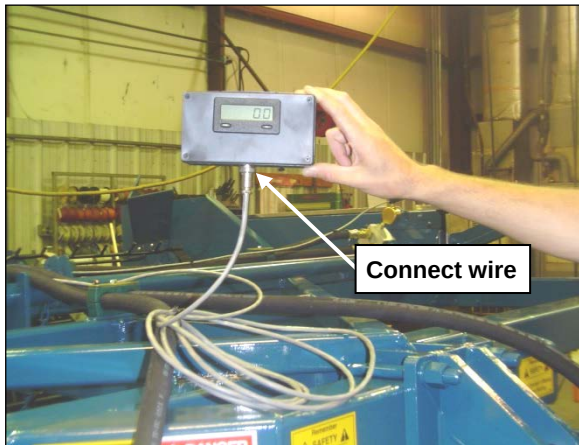
NOTE! If your tractor is not equipped with a direct return to the tank valve, one needs to be installed. This should be similar to the procedure used for running an air planter. This reduces the heat in the hydraulic system and ensures the conveyor cannot be reversed, causing machine damage.

2. Uncoil the conveyor speed sensor wire shown in the bottom photo and route to the cab of the tractor. Be sure to keep the wire away from hydraulic hoses or anything else that could damage it.



Connect Speed Display

1. Using the Velcro provided, mount the conveyor speed display unit to a clean surface in a convenient area of the tractor cab.
2. Connect the wire to the bottom of the display.



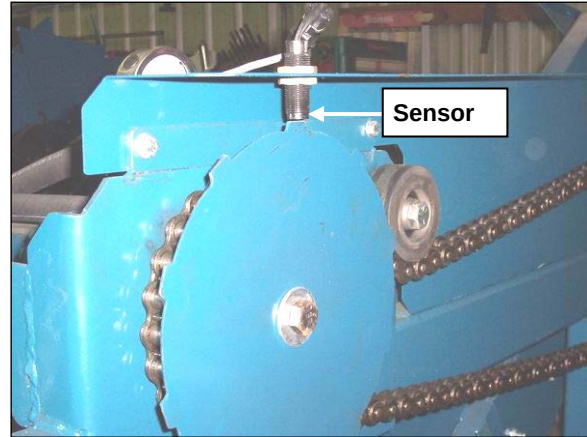
Digger Leveling

Once your machine has been hitched to the tractor, you will need to level the digger-inverter.

1. Check the air pressure in the rear tractor tires to make sure that both tires are inflated to the same pressure.
2. Place the tractor on a level surface such as a concrete slab.
3. Raise the digger slightly off of the ground and measure from the toolbar to the ground on both sides.
4. Adjust the lift arms until the measurement is the same on both sides.

Tachometer Setup

The conveyor belt speed display unit displays speed as read from a sensor at the motor. The speed is displayed in miles per hour.



The purpose of this monitor is to allow you to match the speed of the conveyor to the tractor speed, which will ensure the smoothest operation.

If the monitor becomes damaged, the following calculation can be used to determine conveyor shaft speed.

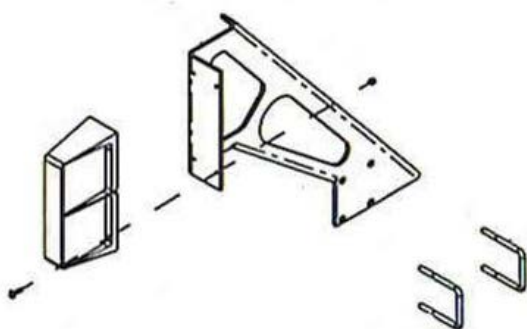
32 RPMS = approx. 1 MPH conveyor speed

If the digital readout is replaced, the tachometer will have to be reprogrammed. Please refer to "Tachometer Programming" in Chapter 5, *Maintenance*.

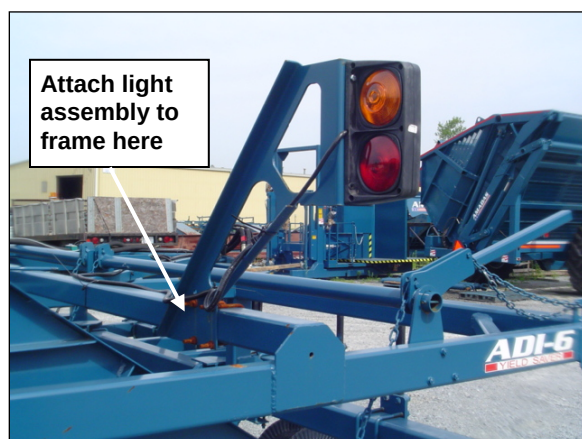


Light Kit

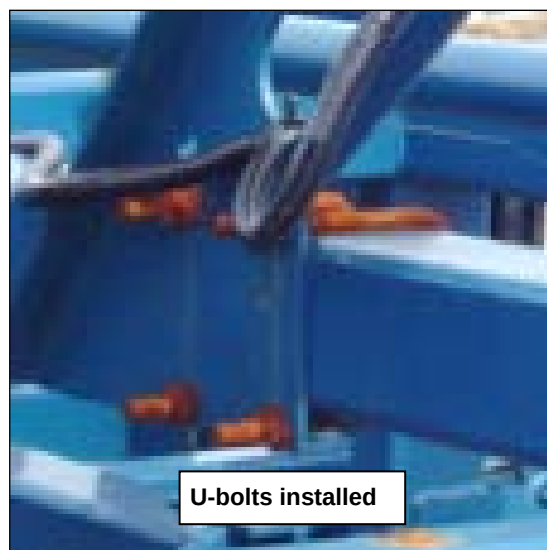
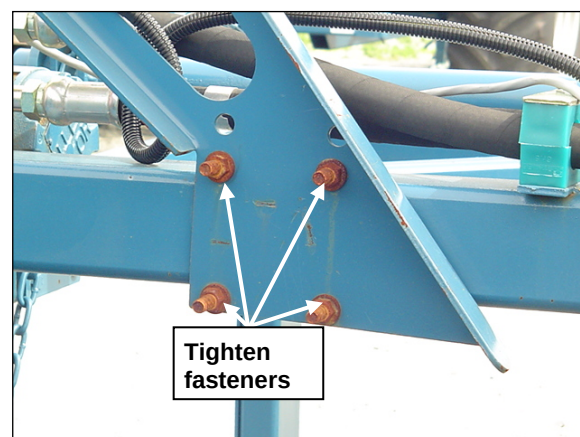
1. If you receive the light kit with the lights unassembled, assemble each light as shown in the drawing. (The U-bolts are used to attach the light assembly to the digger-inverter.)



2. Referring to the photos, install each light assembly to the frame of the digger-inverter using the U-bolts.

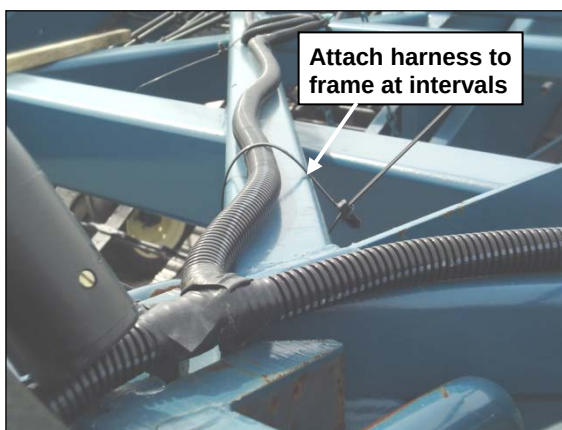


3. Tighten u-bolt fasteners.

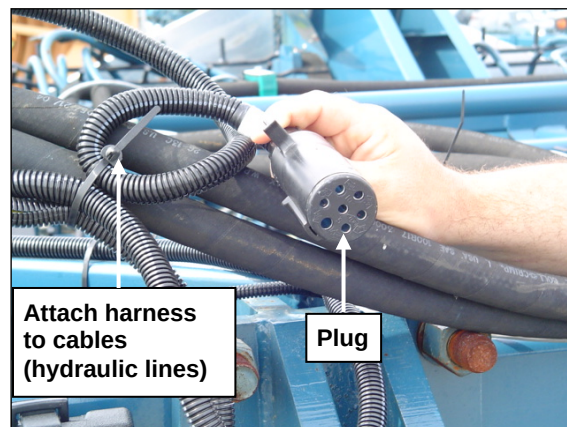


Light Kit, Cont'd

4. Using ties, attach the electrical harness to the frame of the digger-inverter, routing both sides to the front of the digger-inverter.



5. Using a tie, attach the end of the harness to the hydraulic cables.
6. Attach the plug to an appropriate outlet in your tractor.



NOTES

3.

Adjustments_____

READ FIRST! 36

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Pull-Type Diggers

For additional adjustment information for the pull-type digger-inverter, see the AMADAS Pull-Type Digger-Inverters Supplement included with this manual.

READ FIRST!

This chapter lists the basic machine adjustments that can be made to your digger-inverter. Refer to these adjustments during your initial startup procedure to make sure your digger-inverter is adjusted for optimum performance in your crop conditions.

After your digger-inverter is up and running, use this chapter to help with troubleshooting and to make sure your machine continues to perform efficiently.

If you need to make changes to your digger-inverter that are not covered in this chapter and/or manual, please contact your AMADAS representative for additional assistance.

Before you make adjustments to your digger-inverter, please make sure to:

- Read Chapter 1, *Safety*, before beginning.
- Pay careful attention to all safety signs on the machine and safety information in this manual.

WARNING

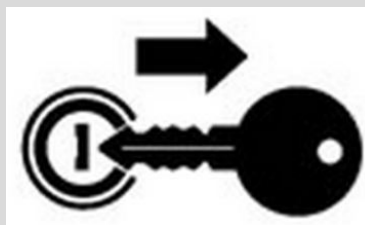
Do NOT attempt to lift the digger, as serious injury could result. Use an appropriate lifting means such as the tractor to raise the machine.

CAUTION



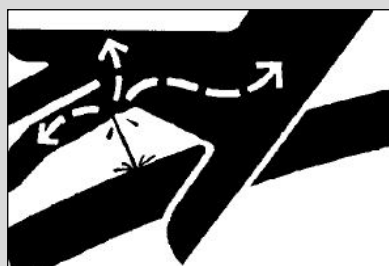
Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.

CAUTION



Once the digger-inverter is attached to the tractor, make sure the tractor is in park, with the ignition turned off, and the key removed before any adjustments are made.

WARNING



Escaping hydraulic fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury.

Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high pressure fluids.

See Chapter 1, *Safety*, for more information on safe handling of hydraulics and for instructions in the event of a hydraulic injury.

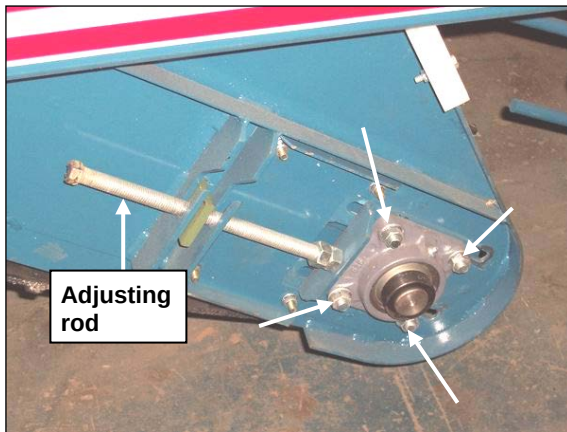
Adjustments

Conveyor Belts and Rods

1. Check the amount of conveyor belt sag. It should be at least 2 1/4" as shown in photo.



2. If the belt needs to be tightened or loosened, loosen the bolts indicated in the photo.



3. To remove sag, turn the adjusting rod clockwise to tighten the belt assembly. To increase the sag, turn the adjuster rod counterclockwise to loosen the belt assembly.

4. Re-tighten the bolts.
5. Lightly tighten the adjusting rod to lock it into position.
6. Repeat Steps 1-5 for the other side of the conveyor so that belt sag is equal on both sides.
7. Repeat Steps 1-6 for each conveyor on your machine.

IMPORTANT! Proper belt tension is important to ensure that the conveyor operates at optimum performance. If belts are too loose, the conveyors will not operate as efficiently. If too tight, excessive wear may occur on the conveyor rods and drive sprockets.

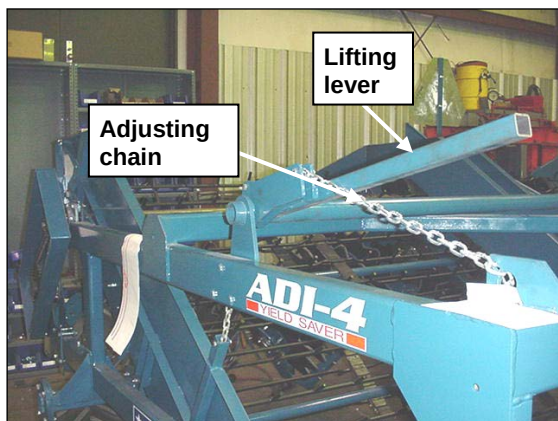
Scrapers

As the scraper blades wear, adjust placement to keep them close to the front idlers (1/16") to prevent soil build up. Excessive build up on the front idlers will over-tension the conveyor belt and cause premature wear. Adjust scrapers by loosening fasteners and moving into position; make sure to retighten fasteners.



Conveyor Pickup Height

1. Adjust the conveyor pickup height by pulling down on the lifting lever and adjusting the chain shown in the top photo.

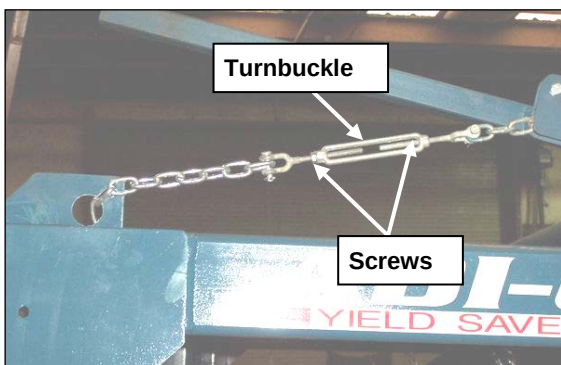


NOTE! If an additional height adjustment is needed, shorten or lengthen the chain connecting the lifting lever to the conveyor as desired.

2. Repeat on the other side so that the chains are adjusted to the same point.

NOTE! Due to the effort required to perform this task, we recommend that you use two people.

3. Adjust the turnbuckle screws on the conveyor chain until the tension of both chains are the same. Note that only one of the chains has a turnbuckle.

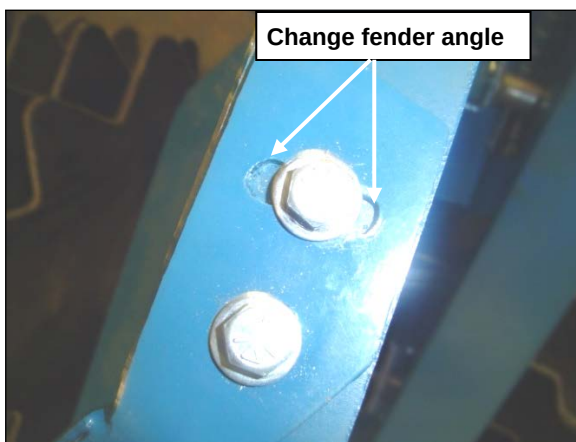


Fenders

The angle of each fender can be adjusted slightly to accommodate your field conditions. The photo shows the top of the fender when bolted to the machine.

To adjust the fender:

1. Loosen both bolts but do not remove.
2. Move the fender to the desired angle by moving the top bolt toward the left or right.
3. Retighten the bolts.



Plows

Spacing

The digger-inverter has been built for 30", 36", 38" or 40" row spacing, depending on the model. For example, an ADI-638 was built for use in 38" spaced rows. When assembled, the plow spacing was set to accommodate single planted rows with approximately 10 inches from the row center to the inside of the plow shank. This may have been adjusted to accommodate transportation of the digger-inverter and must be checked and possibly adjusted to ensure proper operation. The plow spacing will also need to be adjusted to accommodate twin row peanuts or large vines with a wide spreading limb crop.

The ultimate goal in plow spacing is to plow all good peanuts without sending non-producing vine into the conveyor. The following procedure provides a good starting point for setting the plows, but it cannot replace good field observation. You may need to make additional adjustments after the initial operation or for changing field conditions.

Refer to the diagram on page 40 to follow these instructions.

Step 1

Find and mark the exact center of the lower toolbar.

Step 2

From the center point, measure and mark the placement of the row middles (i.e., 36" or 38", depending on your row spacing).

For a four-row digger-inverter, there will be one mark on either side of the center. For a six-row machine, there will be two marks on either side of the center. These marks should fall at the center of the row middle coulters. If they do not, recheck measurements or adjust coulter placement.

Step 3

Mark the placement of each plow as follows. Note that you will need to know your planting pattern and crop conditions before starting.

NOTE! In 4-row machines, a center shank with a plow on either side is placed on the center of the toolbar for the middle two rows. The plows are longer and angled differently to accommodate these rows. The description below applies only to the outer plows for the 4-row.

In a 6-row machine, each plow shank is placed as described below.

- For single row peanuts, measure and mark on either side of the row middles one-half of the row centers plus 10".
 - o 36" row: $36 / 2 = 18" + 10" = 28"$
 - o 38" row: $38 / 2 = 19" + 10" = 29"$
- This dimension is the distance between the row center and inside of the plow shank.
- Adjust the 10" to accommodate your vine size and limb conditions. For smaller vines, 7½" - 9" may be acceptable. Larger vines may require 11".
- For twin row peanuts, take one-half of the row centers, add one-half of the twin centers, and then add 9". As with the single rows, you can vary the 9" measurement according to crop conditions. ***The range of adjustments will not be as high for all plow patterns.***

The following are examples only; your calculations depend on your own row size and plow patterns:

36" row with 7" twins:
 $36 / 2 = 18"$, $7 / 2 = 3 \frac{1}{2}"$
 $18" + 3 \frac{1}{2}" + 9" = 30 \frac{1}{2}"$

Spacing, Cont'd

38" row with 7" twins:
 $38 / 2 = 19"$, $7 / 2 = 3 \frac{1}{2}"$
 $19" + 3 \frac{1}{2}" + 9" = 31 \frac{1}{2}"$

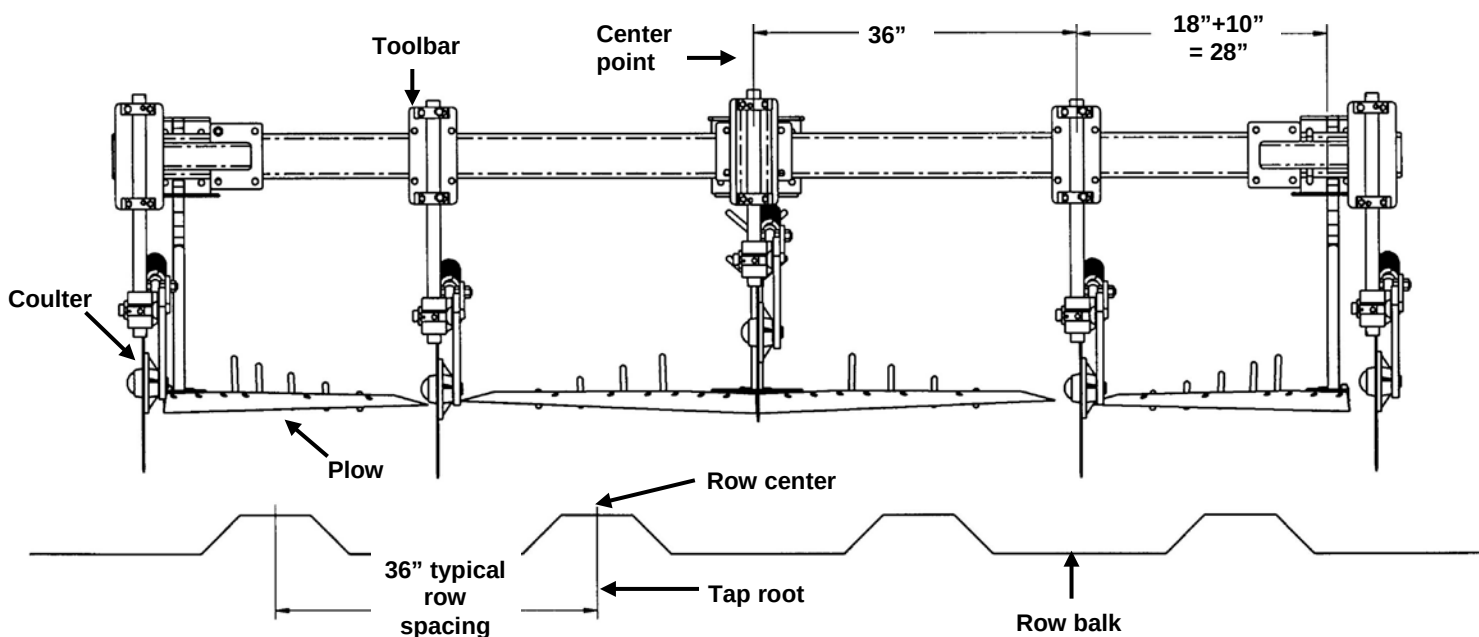
36" row with 9" twins:
 $36 / 2 = 18"$, $9 / 2 = 4 \frac{1}{2}"$
 $18" + 4 \frac{1}{2}" + 7 \frac{1}{2}" = 30"$

38" row with 9" twins:
 $38 / 2 = 19"$, $9 / 2 = 4 \frac{1}{2}"$
 $19" + 4 \frac{1}{2}" + 7 \frac{1}{2}" = 31"$

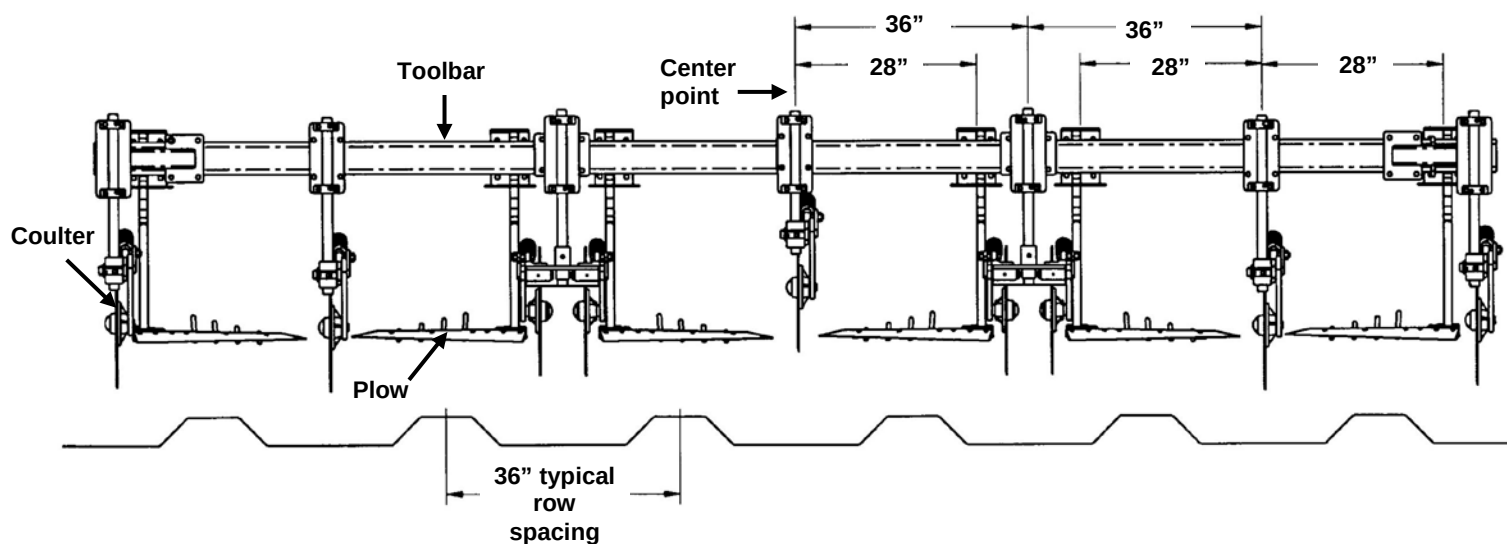
Step 4

Move the plows shanks into place according to the instructions on the next page. Then follow the instructions for leveling the plows.

Four-Row



Six-Row

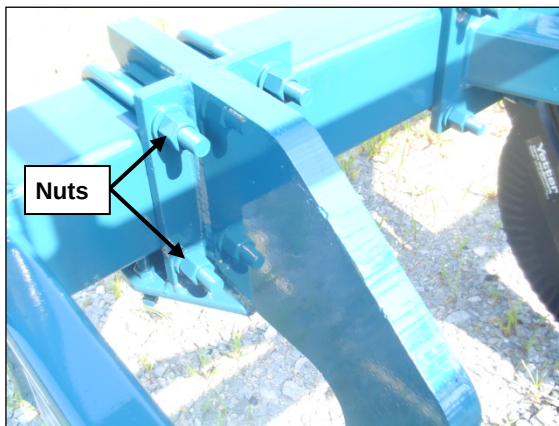


Move Plow Shanks

WARNING

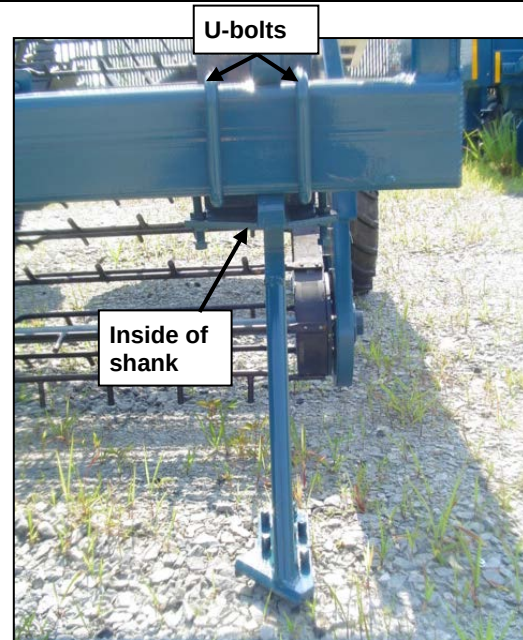
Do NOT attempt to lift the digger, as serious injury could result. Use an appropriate lifting means such as the tractor to raise the machine.

1. Raise and properly support (with blocks or jack stands) the front of the digger-inverter so that the plows clear the ground.
2. Loosen the four nuts holding the plow shank U-bolts.

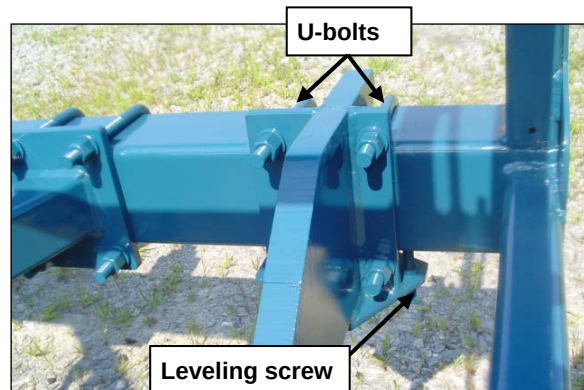


3. Move the plow assembly until the inside of the shank (the side closest to the center of the machine) is aligned with your mark.

NOTE! Plow assemblies are heavy. You may require assistance moving them.



4. Tighten the plow shank U-bolts and leveling screws so that the shank is square with the frame.



5. If not square, loosen the plow shank mounting U-bolts and adjust the leveling screws until the plow shank is perpendicular to the toolbar. Retighten the nuts and screws.
6. Repeat Steps 1-5 for the remaining plows.

NOTE! Square the U-bolts with the toolbar before tightening to help prevent the shank position from changing after the U-bolts are tightened.

Level Plows

WARNING

Do NOT attempt to lift the digger, as serious injury could result. Use an appropriate lifting means such as the tractor to raise the machine.

CAUTION



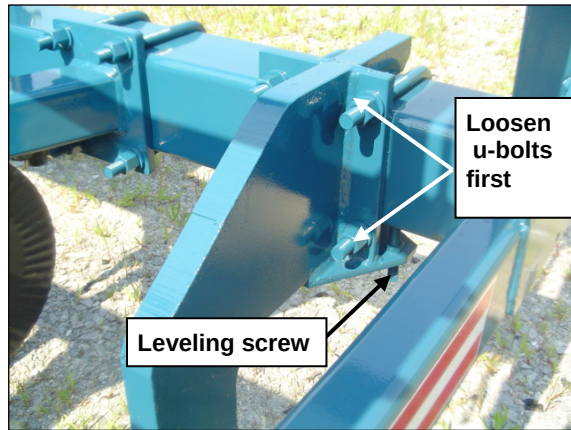
Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.

1. Raise and support (with blocks or jack stands) the front of the digger so the plows clear the ground.
2. From the side of the digger, look across the back tips of the digger blades and make sure they are level across the width of the digger.



3. Run a string across the lower side frame members of the digger. Measure from the string line and check tip heights.

4. Correct most inconsistencies by loosening the shank U-bolts and adjusting the leveling screw to move the blade tips up or down.



5. When finished, re-tighten all fasteners.



Vine Cutters (Coulters)

WARNING

Do NOT attempt to lift the digger, as serious injury could result. Use an appropriate lifting means such as the tractor to raise the machine.

CAUTION



Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.

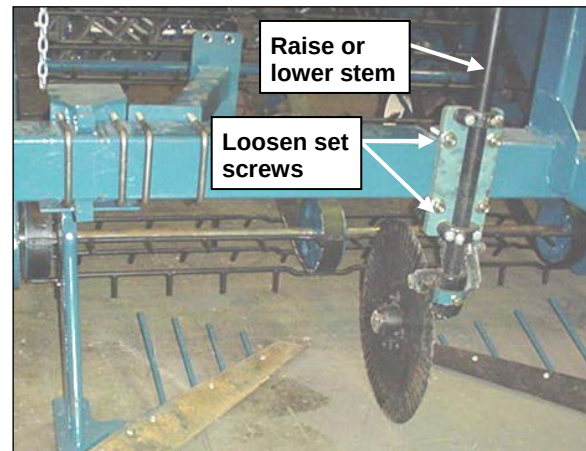
Before adjusting the vine cutters, refer to the *Appendix* of this manual along with the *Parts Catalog* to determine how the coulter should be placed. Also refer to the confirmation of the kit purchased with your machine.

With the exception of the outside two coulter, all other coulter should be aligned with your row centers.

1. Install a coulters in the center of the digger.
2. Measure from that coulters and install the remaining coulter one row width apart. For dual coulters assemblies, center the coulters stem to the mark.



3. Install the outside coulters so that the blade is slightly outside the point of its corresponding plow. You may need to field adjust this coulters slightly in either direction depending on the amount of limb crop and vine size.
4. Adjust the height of each coulters to your crop conditions by loosening the set screws and shifting the coulters stem up or down. Generally, lower the coulter for softer ground, weedy conditions, or heavy vines. Raise the coulter for harder ground or smaller vines.



NOTE! Failure of the coulter to cut vines completely may lead to increased loss and/or poor inversion.

Wheel Height

WARNING

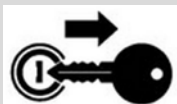
Do NOT attempt to lift the digger, as serious injury could result. Use an appropriate lifting means such as the tractor to raise the machine.

NOTE! For most conditions, wheels should be in the highest position as set at the factory.

After making sure everyone is clear of the digger-inverter and the tractor, start the tractor and raise the digger-inverter so that the wheels clear the ground by 6-8".

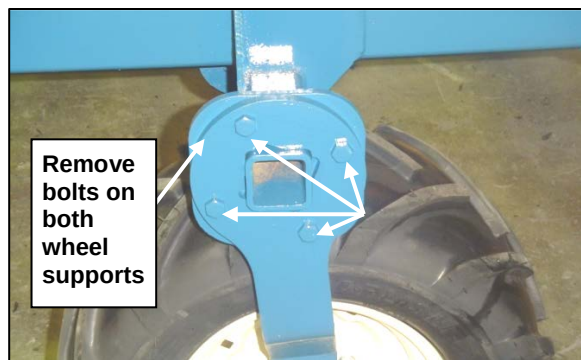
1. Place jack stands or blocks under the digger-inverter and lower the machine onto them.
2. Shut the tractor off, place in PARK, and remove the key.

CAUTION

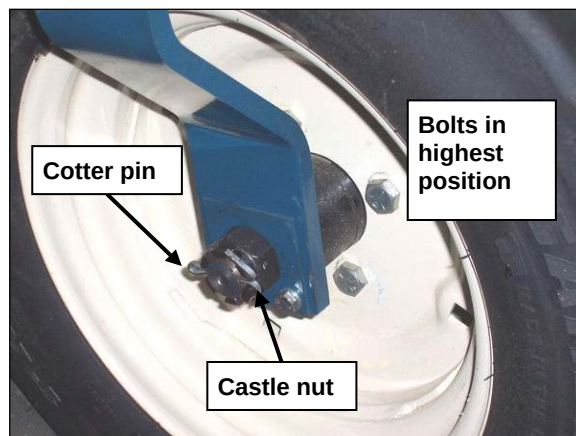


Make sure the tractor is in park, with the ignition turned off, and the key removed before any adjustments are made.

3. Remove the four bolts on either side as shown in the photo.

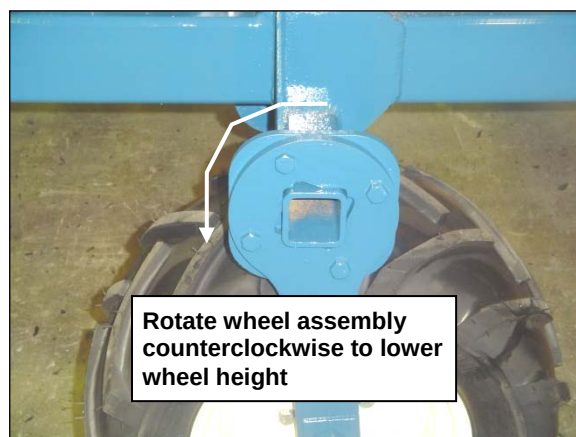


4. On each side of the wheel, remove the axle cotter pins and loosen the castle nuts.



5. Rotate the wheel assembly into the desired position, then replace and tighten the upper bolts.

NOTE! There are two sets of bolt holes. One set raises the wheel; the other lowers it.



6. Tighten the axle castle nuts and replace the cotter pins. There should be no side to side movement in the wheel assembly when completed.

Wheel Height, Cont'd

7. Make sure all wheels are adjusted and tightened into the same position. Failure to do so can cause damage to the digger-inverter.
8. Check tire air pressure (32 PSI) and adjust as needed.
- 9.
10. After all wheels are in place and all fasteners tightened, restart the tractor and raise the digger-inverter.
11. Remove the blocks or jack stands and lower the digger-inverter to the ground. All wheels should be contacting the ground the same amount.

NOTES!

Wheels should be raised up when the digger-inverter is transported. However, during operation, the wheels should never spin freely but always touch the ground with some weight.

Pull-type digger wheels have two heights and adjustments. Run these wheels at 45 PSI.

NOTES

4. Operation

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Startup for 3-Point Hitch Digger-Inverters	49
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Checklist for 3-Point Hitch Digger-Inverters.....	52
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Pull-Type Diggers

This chapter covers operating instructions for 3-Point Hitch Digger-Inverters. For operating information for a pull-type digger-inverter, see the AMADAS Pull-Type Digger-Inverters Supplement included with this manual.

READ FIRST!

This chapter contains instructions for starting up your machine and using it the first time. Before you start your digger-inverter, please make sure to:

- Read Chapter 1, *Safety*, before beginning.
- Pay careful attention to all safety signs on the machine and safety information in this manual.

WARNING



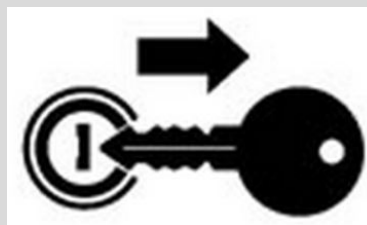
Escaping hydraulic fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury.

Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high pressure fluids.

See Chapter 1, *Safety*, for more information on safe handling of hydraulics and for instructions in the event of a hydraulic injury.

CAUTION



Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before making any adjustments or performance checks. Do NOT allow anyone to sit on the tractor.

CAUTION



Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.

Performance Checks

This section also includes a checklist for making sure your digger-inverter is running properly.

Please review each item in the checklist. Doing so will not only ensure that your machine is running properly, it will help you achieve the optimum performance from your digger-inverter.

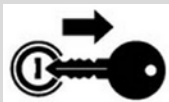
If adjustments are needed, refer to Chapter 3, *Adjustments*, for specific instructions.

Startup for 3-Point Hitch Digger-Inverters

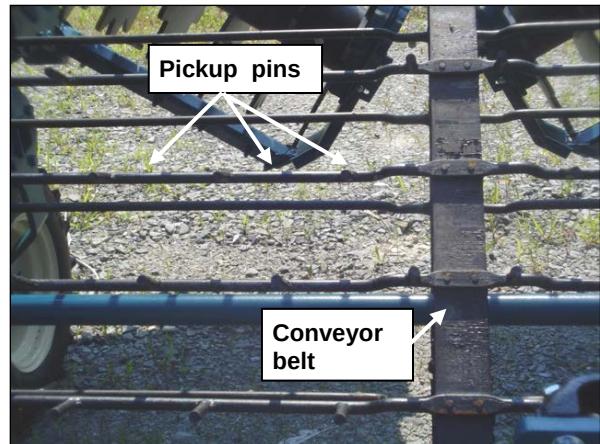
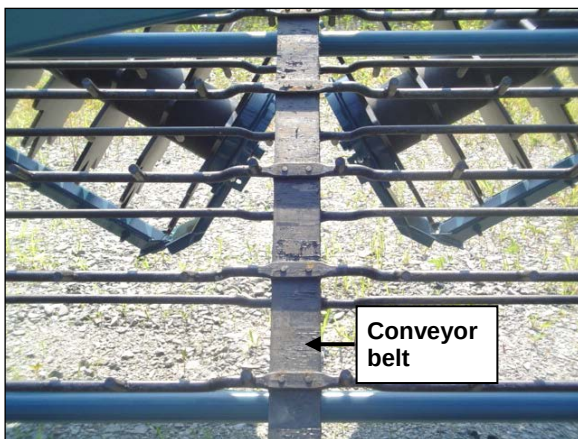
It is important that you go through the startup procedure and check the operation of the digger-inverter. You will need a helper to assist you.

1. Clear everyone from around the digger-inverter.
2. Start the tractor and raise the digger-inverter slightly off of the ground.
3. Slowly raise the hydraulic flow until 1 MPH is displayed.
4. Have your helper observe the conveyor. It should be running smoothly and tracking in a straight path. If not, make any adjustments needed. The next two photos show the conveyor belt correctly tracking on the conveyor shaft.

CAUTION



Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before making any adjustment.



5. Have your helper observe the inverter rotor(s). They should run smoothly without noise or hesitation. If not, correct as needed.



6. Slowly increase the flow until the speed at which you will be running the tractor is displayed (for example, if you plan to run the tractor at 3 MPH, increase to 3 MPH).
7. After setting the hydraulic flow, stop the conveyor and lower the digger-inverter back to the ground. Shut off the tractor.
8. Observe the height of the conveyor pick-up. The pickup pins on the rods should be about three inches off the ground. If not, adjust as needed.

Startup for 3-Point Hitch Digger-Inverters

9. Verify that the gauge wheels are in their highest position as shown below. If not, adjust as needed.



NOTE! Digging at deep depths may require setting the gauge wheels in the lowest position.

10. Once these checks have been performed, have everyone clear away from the digger-inverter. Start the tractor and raise the digger-inverter.
11. Move to a flat, level soil area where no peanuts are present.
12. Start the conveyor and verify the speed setting.
13. Lower the digger-inverter and pull forward a few feet, then stop. The plows should take ground immediately.
14. If the plows do not “take ground”, shorten the top link.

NOTE! If you shorten the top link several rounds and the digger still does not take ground, you may need to flip the blades so that the bevel is up. This is extremely rare and will only be necessary in extremely hard ground.

15. Once the plows do take ground, observe how deeply the plow is in the ground. Typically, you will need (4”-6”) of the shank in the ground to dig properly. If you have less shank in the ground than this amount, shorten the top link. If you have more shank than this in the ground, lengthen the top link.

After adjusting the top link, retest until the depth is set.

NOTE! A good initial top link setting is 2 - 2½ turns in from where the digger can be easily hitched on flat ground.

16. After proper plow depth has been set, observe the relation of the conveyor pickup pins to the ground. With the conveyor height properly adjusted, the rods should be raking the ground but not the sub-soil. Adjust as needed.
17. Once initial start-up is completed, proceed with the “First Run” section.

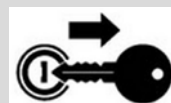
First Run

After you have completed the startup and performed any necessary adjustments, perform your first run as follows:

1. Pick a starting speed between 2 ½ and 3 MPH.
2. Choose the appropriate gear in the tractor and set the hydraulic flow to minimum.
3. Engage the conveyor and adjust the hydraulic flow to match the tractor speed.
4. Select a row and line the tractor up appropriately. Make sure the digger-inverter is run in row groups that correspond with planting.
5. Start the digger-inverter and pull forward until the plows are just behind the first peanut plant in the row.
6. Lower the digger-inverter and pull forward.
7. Go approximately 50 feet and then stop all functions.

8. Leaving the digger-inverter still in the ground, get down from your tractor and perform the checks indicated in the Checklists beginning on the next page.

CAUTION



Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before making checks.

9. If you experience problems not listed in the Checklist, refer to the “Troubleshooting” section beginning on page 53.
10. Once you are satisfied with the first run results, you are ready to dig.

Checklist for 3-Point Hitch Digger-Inverters

- ✓ Make sure the peanut plants are inverted.
- ✓ Inspect the tap roots. The plow should have cut below the peanuts but not low enough to include the entire tap root with fibers and dirt.

If too much of the root has been included, lengthen the top link so that the plows are raised up higher.

If peanuts have been cut off, shorten the top link so the plows cut deeper into the soil.
- ✓ If vines are small and conditions poor (e.g., dry and spindly) you may need to dig deeper than normal to help insure good inversion.
- ✓ The tap root cut length should be consistent across the width of the digger. If not, the digger is not running level. Check the gauge wheel position, tire pressure, rear tractor tire pressure, or adjust the lift arms to correct the problem. A bent plow or one that is not level can also cause this problem if only one row is affected.
- ✓ Inspect the wheels. There should be obvious tracks in the soil. If a deep furrow or rut has been dug, raise the wheels.

If there are no tracks or only faint marks, lower the wheels.
- ✓ Make sure all tap roots have been laid in a uniform line. They should be lying within 30 degrees of vertical.
- ✓ Make sure peanut plants are transferring from plow to conveyor smoothly. It may be necessary to adjust conveyor height and/or speed, or the vine guide rods to ensure this.

Troubleshooting

Problem		Cause	Remedy
Monitor not working correctly	Display shows 0.0	The monitor is not receiving information.	Inspect the pickup clearance from the sprocket. The clearance should be no more than 3/16". If greater, adjust the clearance and retry. If still not working, inspect wire for frayed or damaged connections or wires. Repair or replace as needed. If this does not work, you need to replace the pickup.
	Display blank	The monitor is not functioning.	Replace the battery. If this does not solve the problem, the display may be damaged and need to be replaced.
Monitor reading seems incorrect for conveyor speed		Monitor not programmed correctly	Reprogram monitor. Refer to monitor programming instructions in Chapter 5, <i>Maintenance</i> .
Peanuts still in ground behind digger		The digger is not cutting deeply enough into the soil.	Shorten the top link of the tractor so that the blades dig more deeply into the soil. Flip blades in hard soil.
		Blades are worn or dull.	Replace the blades.
Excessive dirt in peanut windrow		The digger is cutting too deeply into the soil.	Lengthen the top link of the tractor so that the blades dig less deeply into the soil.
		Conveyor speed too slow for ground speed.	Adjust conveyor speed to meet tractor ground speed.
		Not enough agitation for crop conditions.	May require adding optional 6" agitator idlers or additional pair of agitation idlers. Refer to Parts Catalog for part information.
Conveyor stalls excessively during operation		Conveyor speed too slow for ground speed.	Adjust conveyor speed to meet tractor ground speed.
		Soil conditions are too wet.	Wait until soil is drier.
		Conveyor is too low.	Raise conveyor.

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Peanuts are lost behind plow share but before windrow	Conveyor speed is too fast for ground speed.	Adjust either conveyor or ground speed so that they match.
	Conveyor is too high.	Lower conveyor.
	Blades are dull or dragging.	Adjust or replace blades as needed.
	Vine guide rods are too high, causing bunching or too low, allowing plants to pass under the conveyor.	Adjust as needed.
Inverted plants are sporadic or not placed uniformly	Conveyor speed and tractor ground speed are not matched.	Adjust either conveyor or ground speed so that they match.
	Inverter rods are out of adjustment.	Make adjustments as necessary to the inverter rods.
	Vines not flowing freely up conveyor or pushing soil.	Adjust digger depth, conveyor height, or vine guide rods.
	Vines not transferring to inverter rotor properly.	Adjust conveyor and/or ground speed or move position of inverter forward or to the rear.
Vine wrapped around shanks cause dragging	Coulter not cutting.	Lower coulter.
	Coulter not properly positioned to shanks.	Reposition coulter.

5.

Maintenance_____

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Pull-Type Diggers

For additional maintenance information for a pull-type digger-inverter, see the AMADAS Pull-Type Digger-Inverters Supplement included with this manual.

READ FIRST!

We strongly recommend that you perform regular maintenance on your digger-inverter to help ensure safe and efficient operation.

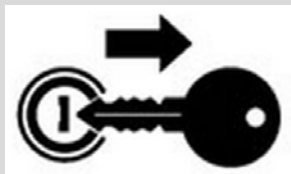
The recommended schedule is on the following page. Each item on the schedule is described in more detail in this chapter.

If you need to replace any machine parts, please refer to your [Parts Catalog](#) for part numbers and contact your AMADAS dealer.

Before you begin maintenance on your digger-inverter, please make sure to:

- Read Chapter 1, *Safety*, before beginning.
- Pay careful attention to *all* safety signs on the machine and safety information/ recommendations in this manual.

CAUTION



Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before any maintenance is performed. Do NOT allow anyone to sit on the tractor.

CAUTION

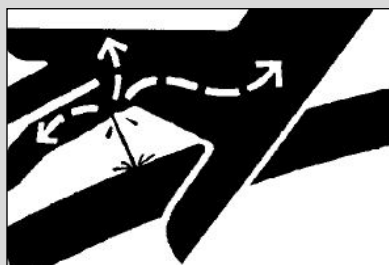


Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.

CAUTION

Note that some photos show the machine with shields removed for maintenance or instructional purposes. NEVER operate the machine without replacing all shields.

WARNING



Escaping hydraulic fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury.

Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high pressure fluids.

See Chapter 1, *Safety*, for more information on safe handling of hydraulics and for instructions in the event of a hydraulic injury.

WARNING

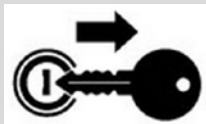
Do NOT attempt to lift the digger, as serious injury could result. Use an appropriate lifting means such as the tractor to raise the machine.

Maintenance Schedule

ITEM	ACTION	INTERVAL			
		Daily	Weekly or 50 hours	As Required	Yearly
Bearings	Lubricate (2 pumps grease)		X		
Blades	Replace			X	
Conveyor Belt Assembly	Inspect the condition, tension, and tracking	X			
Conveyor Drive Chain	Inspect for wear, proper tension, and damage	X			
Conveyor Rods	Inspect for damage	X			
Conveyor Sprockets	Inspect for wear and/or damage		X		
Hydraulic Hoses	Inspect for leaks and damage	X			
Inverter Drive Chains	Inspect for wear, damage, and proper tension	X			
Inverter Rods	Inspect for proper adjustment	X			
Tires	Check pressure (32 PSI)		X		
V Inverter U-Joints (if equipped)	Lubricate (2 to 3 pumps grease)		X		
Vine Cutters (Coulters)	Inspect for damage; lubricate the pivot	X			
Vine Cutter Bearings	Repack				X
Vine Cutter Bearings	Lubricate (2 to 3 pumps grease)		X		
Wheel Bearings	Repack				X
Grease Ball Hitch			X		
Grease Tongue Pivots			X		
Grease Digger Wing Pivots			X		

Bearings

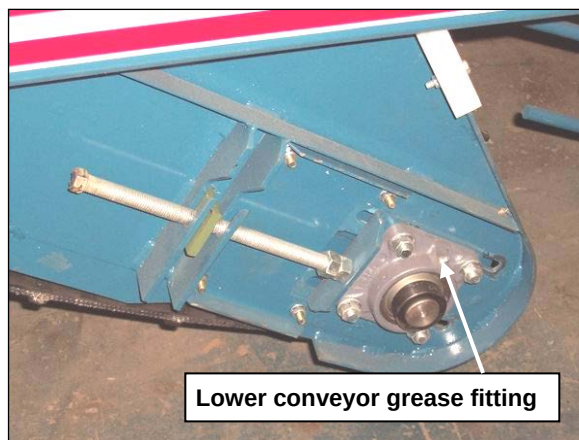
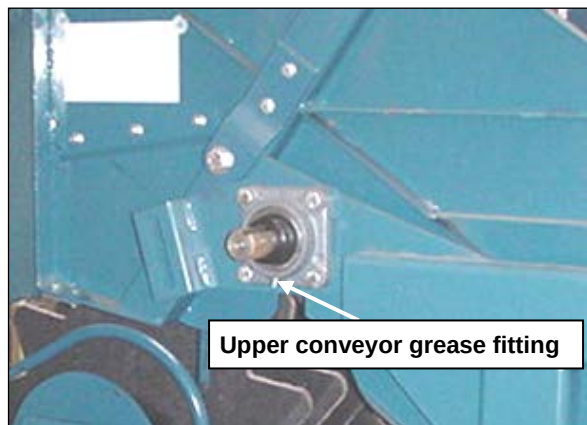
CAUTION



Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before any maintenance is performed

Upper and lower conveyor bearings need to be inspected and lubricated weekly.

Use 2-3 pumps of a commercial-grade grease in each grease fitting.



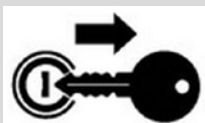
Blades

CAUTION



Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.

CAUTION

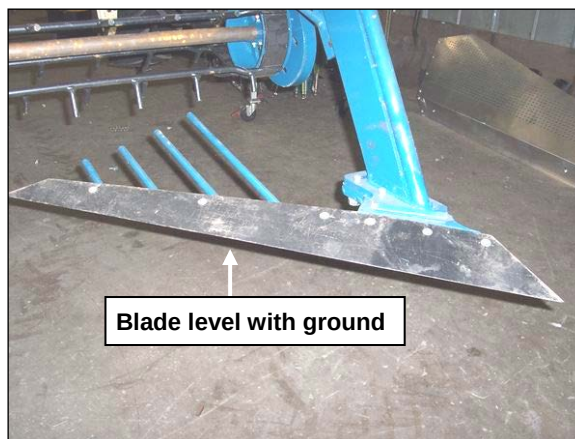


Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before any maintenance is performed

Plow blades need to be inspected daily for wear. Your soil conditions will determine how often blades will need to be replaced. Also, check all fasteners. Make sure they are all in place and properly tightened.

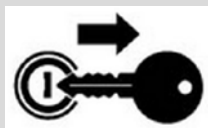
Generally, whenever blade edges appear dull, frayed, or curled, they will need to be replaced. The photo shows a new plow blade and how a correctly installed blade should lie levelly on a flat surface, with the beveled portion of the blade face down.

In extremely hard ground conditions where the plows will not take the ground, you may need to change the plows so that the beveled portion is face up.



Conveyor Rods

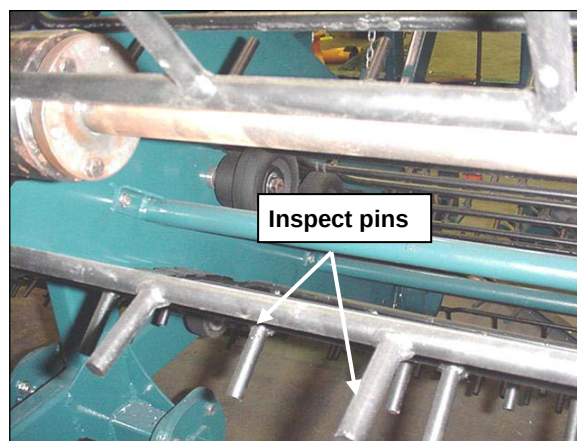
CAUTION



Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before any maintenance is performed

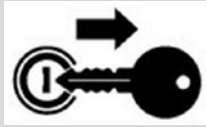
Inspect conveyor rods daily for damage. Check for bent pins or rods. Repair or replace as needed. See your AMADAS dealer for replacement parts.

NOTE! Individual rods can be replaced with a bolt-on plate. Contact your AMADAS dealer for information on these parts.



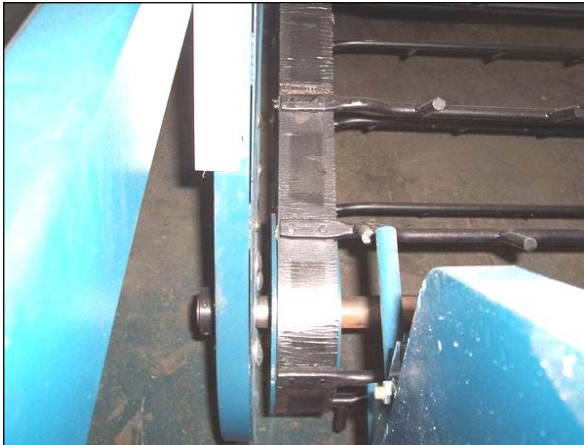
Conveyor Belt Assemblies

CAUTION



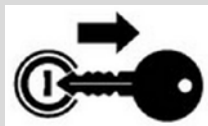
Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before any maintenance is performed

Inspect the conveyor belts' tension and tracking daily. The belts should have approximately 2¼" of sag as shown in the bottom photo.



IMPORTANT! Proper belt tension is important to ensure that the conveyor operates at optimum performance. If belts are too loose, the conveyors will not operate as efficiently. If too tight, excessive wear may occur on the conveyor rods and drive sprockets.

See *Chapter 3, Adjustments*, "Conveyor Belt and Rod" for information on how to adjust conveyor belts.

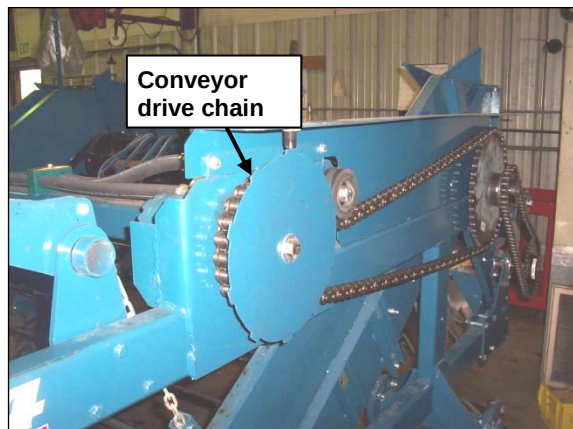
⚠ CAUTION

Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before any maintenance is performed

Conveyor Drive Chain

Inspect the conveyor drive chain daily for signs of wear. Make sure the chain is properly aligned and with the correct amount of tension.

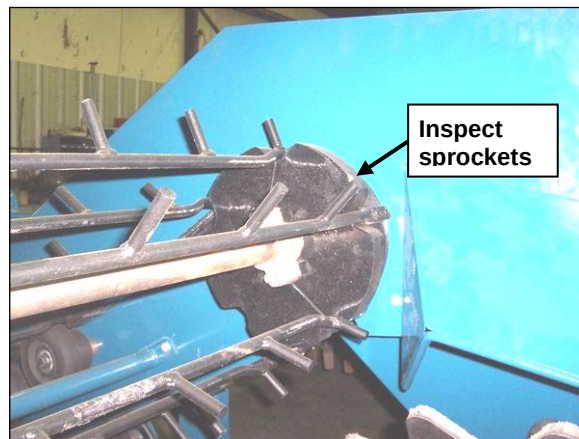
Repair or replace a damaged chain as needed.

**⚠ CAUTION**

Replace all shields before operating the digger-inverter.

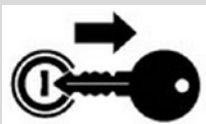
Conveyor Sprockets

Inspect conveyor sprockets daily for signs of wear. Repair or replace as needed.



Hydraulic Hoses

CAUTION



Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before any maintenance is performed

WARNING



Escaping hydraulic fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury.

Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

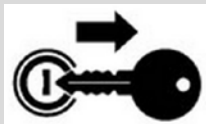
Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high pressure fluids.

See Chapter 1, *Safety*, for more information on safe handling of hydraulics and for instructions in the event of a hydraulic injury.

Inspect hoses daily for leaks and tears. Make sure connections are tightened. Repair or replace as needed.



CAUTION

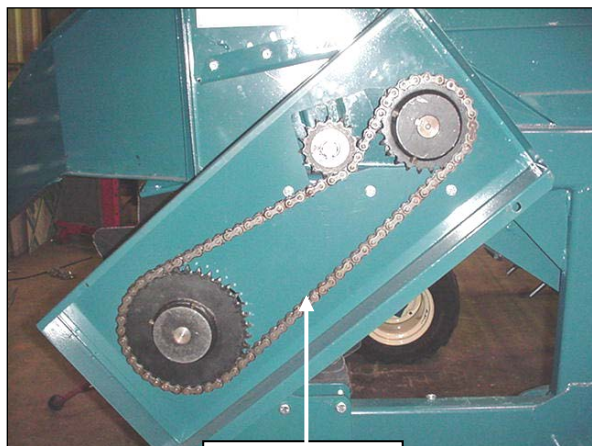


Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before any maintenance is performed

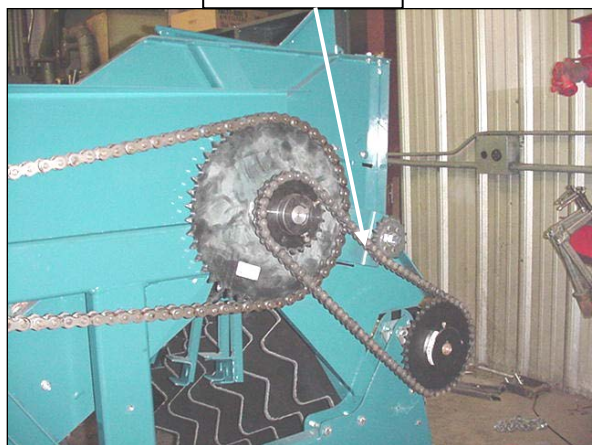
Inverter Drive Chain

Inspect the inverter drive chains daily for signs of wear. Make sure the chains are properly aligned and have the correct amount of tension.

Repair or replace a damaged chain as needed.



Inverter chain



CAUTION

Replace all shields before operating the digger-inverter.

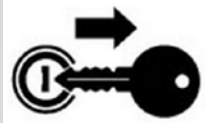
Inverter Rods

Inspect inverter rods daily for visible damage. Adjust rods if out of alignment. Replace or repair rods as needed. Detailed drawings for adjusting inverter rods are in Chapter 2, *Setup*.



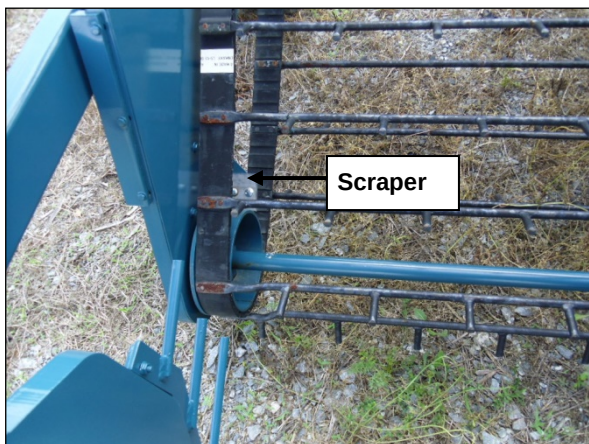
Scrapers

CAUTION

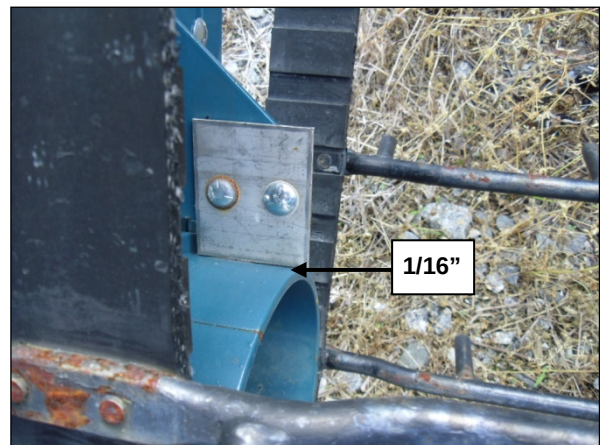


Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before any maintenance is performed

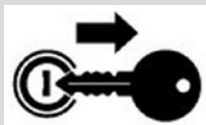
Scrapers are located at the bottom of each conveyor belt. Make sure each scraper is securely in place as shown in the photos. Keep scrapers free from debris to ensure proper conveyor operation.



As the scraper blades wear, it is important to adjust the placement of the scrapers to keep them close to the front idlers (1/16") to prevent soil build up. Excessive build up on the front idlers will over-tension the conveyor belt and cause premature wear.



⚠ CAUTION



Make sure the tractor is in park, the engine turned off, and the key removed before any maintenance is performed

Tires

Check wheel and wing tires pressures weekly. Tires should be inflated to 32 PSI.



Vine Cutters (Coulters)

⚠ CAUTION

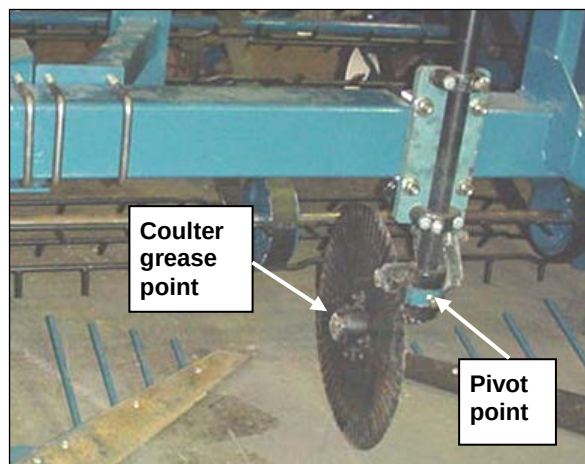


Use care when handling plow blades and vine cutters. Edges are sharp.

If the digger-inverter is equipped with vine cutters, inspect the assemblies for wear or damage. Repair or replace as necessary.

Lubricate the pivot as needed. Make sure all fasteners are in place and tightened.

Lubricate the coultter wheel bearings weekly with 2-3 pumps of commercial grade grease.



V-Inverter U-Joints

If your digger-inverter is equipped with a V-type of inverter, inspect the U-joints for damage weekly. Lubricate weekly or every 50 hours. Use 2-3 pumps of commercial grade grease in each joint.



Tachometer Programming

The tachometer for your machine has been fully programmed at the factory. However, *if you have a replacement tachometer*, program the new tachometer using the instructions for the 16395 with the instructions included. Instructions can also be found on the AMADAS website as follows:

1. Go to www.amadas.com
2. From the AMADAS home page, select **Product Catalogs and Manuals**
3. From the Product Catalogs and Manuals page, select **Technical Bulletins**

4. Select **Tach Programming Instructions for Diggers/Irrigators (Form 0366; Part #16395)**

IMPORTANT! Do NOT program your tachometer UNLESS you have received a replacement from AMADAS Industries. Tachometers on new machines are fully programmed at the factory and attempting to re-program them may cause errors.

End of Season

Perform the following maintenance at the end of each season to make sure your digger-inverter is properly stored for winter.

1. Remove wheel assemblies and repack the bearings before storing.
2. Loosen the tension of the conveyor belt assembly.
3. If equipped with vine cutters, remove the assemblies and repack the wheel bearings before storing.
4. Clean and lightly oil all drive chains.
5. Apply a coat of oil to the cylinder rods, or store with all cylinders retracted.



Appendix_____

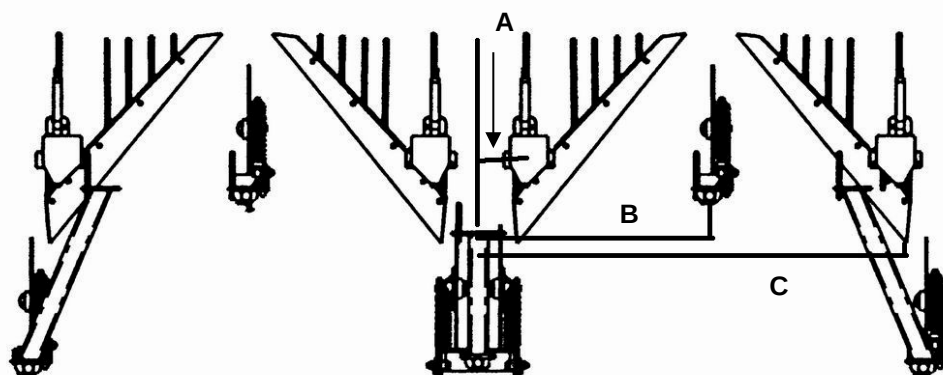
Four-Row Configurations	A-2
Six-Row Configurations.....	A-4

All dimensions for configurations shown are from the center of the lower tool bar.

Four-Row Optional Blade and Coupler Configurations

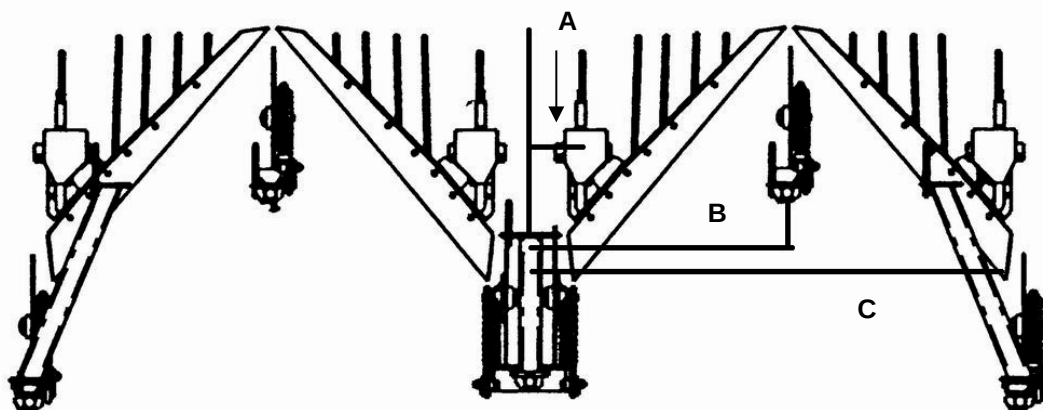
(Shown with optional Dual Coupler)

ADI – 4 Kit #70754



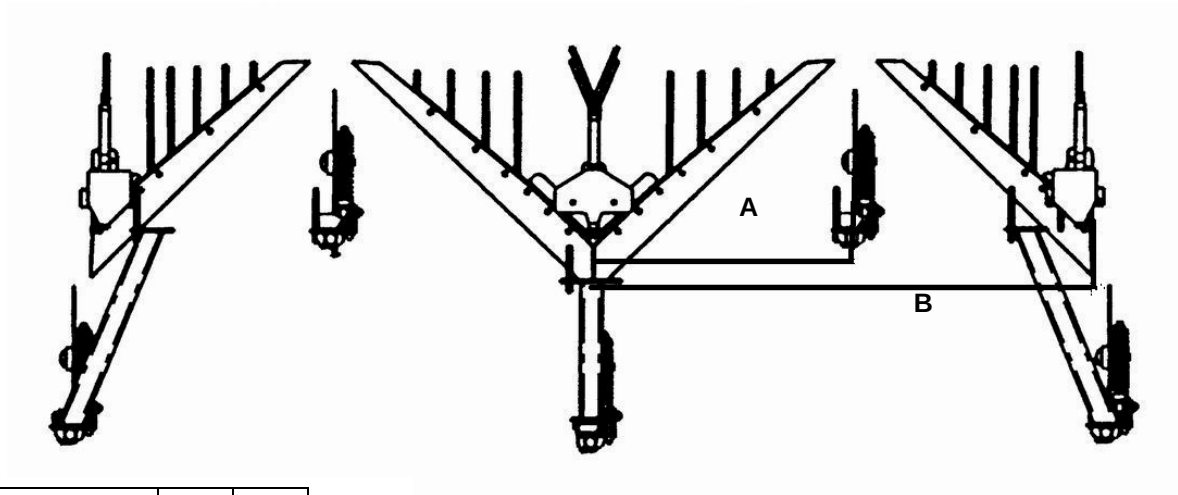
Row Width	A	B	C
36"	8"	36"	64"
38"	9"	38"	67"
40"	10"	40"	70"

ADI – 4 Kit #70760



Row Width	A	B	C
36"	8"	36"	64"
38"	9"	38"	67"
40"	10"	40"	70"

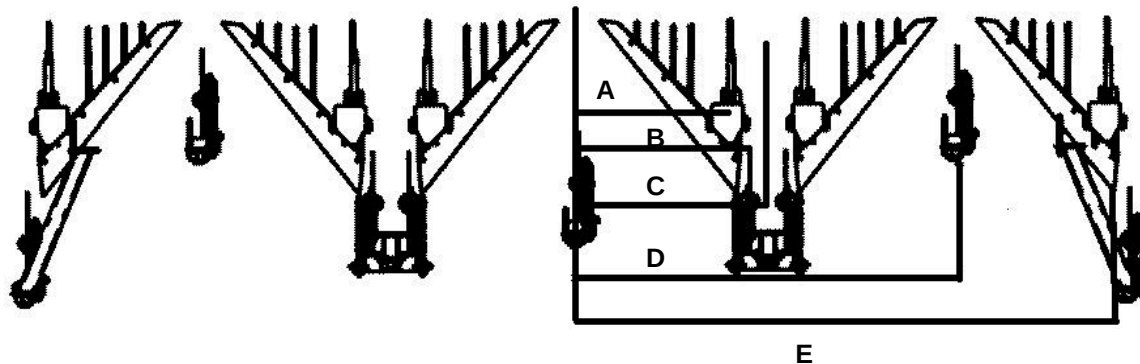
ADI – 4 Kit #70755



Row Width	A	B
36"	36"	64"
38"	38"	67"
40"	40"	70"

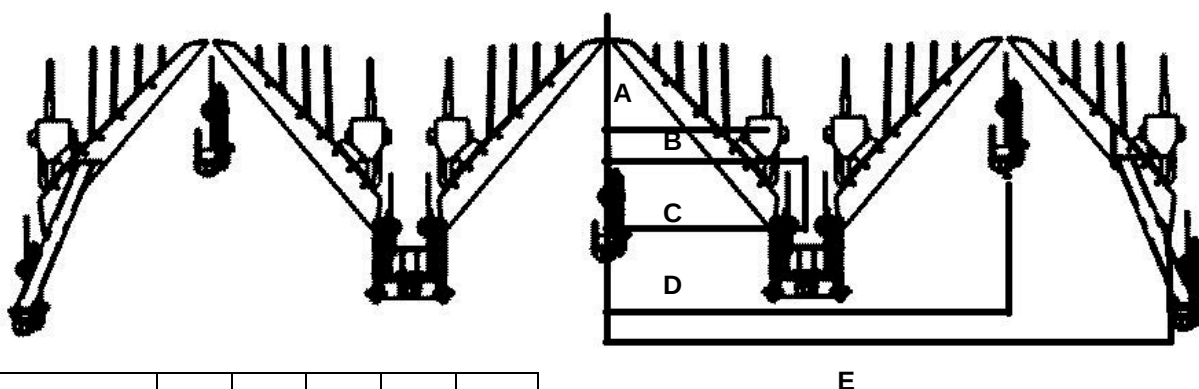
Six-Row Optional Blade and Coulter Configurations

ADI – 6 Kit #70757



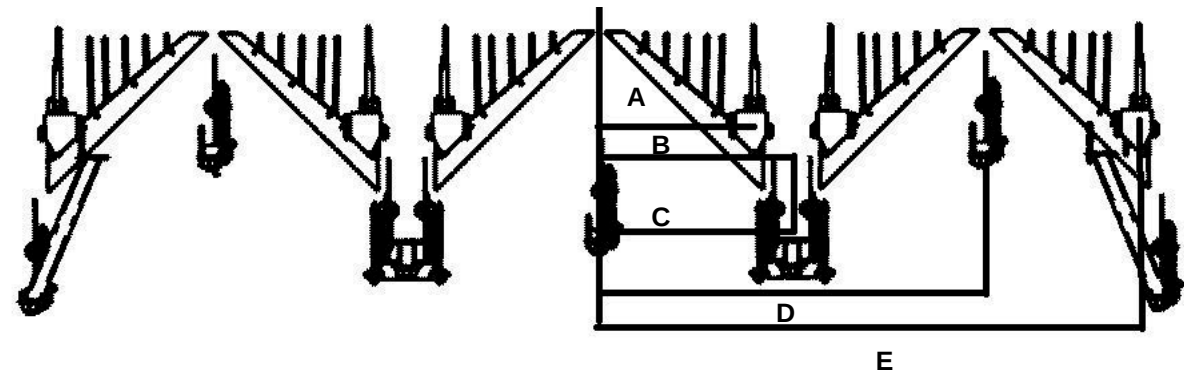
Row Width	A	B	C	D	E
30"	25"	30"	35"	60"	85"
36"	28"	36"	44"	72"	100"
38	29"	38"	45"	76"	106"
40"	30"	40"	50"	80"	110"

ADI – 6 Kit #70758



Row Width	A	B	C	D	E
30"	25"	30"	35"	60"	85"
36"	28"	36"	44"	72"	100"
38	29"	38"	45"	76"	106"
40"	30"	40"	50"	80"	110"

ADI – 6 Kit #70767 / 70768



Row Width	A	B	C	D	E
30"	25"	30"	35"	60"	85"
36"	28"	36"	44"	72"	100"
38	29"	38"	45"	76"	106"
40"	30"	40"	50"	80"	110"

NOTES

ONE-YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY

For AMADAS INDUSTRIES DIGGER / INVERTERS

A. General Provisions

The Warranties described below are provided by AMADAS INDUSTRIES ("AMADAS") through its authorized dealers to the original purchaser of each new AMADAS Digger / Inverter. AMADAS will repair or replace, at its option, any part covered under warranty which is found to be defective in material or workmanship during the applicable period of warranty. This warranty is applicable only to the cost of the part replaced or repaired and does not cover labor costs involved in installing the replaced or repaired defective part.

B. What is Warranted?

All parts of any new AMADAS Digger / Inverter are warranted for 12 months. The warranty period will begin when the Digger / Inverter is delivered to the purchaser. AMADAS will repair or replace, at its option, any new part or component under the above warranty, if a defect in material or workmanship appears in such part or component and is reported to AMADAS before the expiration of the applicable equipment warranty.

Used equipment is not warranted by AMADAS unless it is specifically covered by a separate warranty document. The above warranties cover only defective material and workmanship. The warranties do not cover any depreciation or failure caused by normal wear, lack of proper maintenance or use, misuse, lack of proper protection during storage, or accident. The purchaser shall pay all costs of routine maintenance and/or replacement of maintenance and wear items.

C. Unapproved Service or Modification

All Obligations of AMADAS under this warranty are terminated if the Digger / Inverter is modified or altered in ways not approved by AMADAS.

D. Securing Warranty Service

To secure warranty service, the purchaser must (1) report the product defect and request repair within the applicable warranty period, (2) present evidence of the date of delivery of the Digger / Inverter, and (3) make the Digger / Inverter available to an AMADAS authorized dealer within a reasonable period of time.

E. No Dealer Warranty

The selling dealer makes no warranty of his own on any item warranted by AMADAS, and makes no warranty on other items. The dealer has no authority to make any representation or promise on behalf of AMADAS, or to modify the terms or limitations of this warranty in any way.

F. What are your Responsibilities?

- a. Read the operator's manual before operating the equipment.
- b. Perform all necessary maintenance as described in the operator's manual.
- c. Deliver the machine to an AMADAS authorized dealer at your expense during normal working hours for any needed warranty services.
- d. Contact an AMADAS authorized dealer promptly on any claim for warranty service.
- e. Sign the AMADAS machinery delivery form, which will be given to you by the dealer.

G. Disclaimer

There are no warranties that extend beyond the description here. **ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMED AS ARE ALL OTHER REPRESENTATIONS TO THE PURCHASER.** AMADAS specifically excludes any liability on behalf of the company for any incidental or consequential damages including, but not limited to, crop loss, loss of profits, rental of substitute equipment, or other commercial losses. AMADAS shall not be responsible for expenses or inconveniences that you might incur or experience with respect to the AMADAS Digger / Inverter nor shall AMADAS be liable for defects, damage, or failures caused by improper storage, unreasonable use, or abuse, or accident, including the failure to provide reasonable and specified maintenance. This warranty applies only to the original purchaser of the equipment. Because some states do not allow the exclusion of limitations of incidental or consequential damages, the above limitation may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights. You may also have other rights, which vary from state to state. Where there is a conflict between a provision of this warranty and the provision of any state, the state legislation prevails.

AMADAS

